UNCLASSIFIED

AD NUMBER		
AD463576		
NEW LIMITATION CHANGE		
TO Approved for public release, distribution unlimited		
FROM Distribution authorized to DoD only; Administrative/Operational Use; 10 MAY 1965. Other requests shall be referred to Office of Naval Research, Arlington, VA 22203.		
AUTHORITY		
ONR ltr, 29 Jul 1968		

UNCLASSIFIED

AD_ 4 6 3 5 7 6

DEFENSE DOCUMENTATION CENTER

FOR

SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL INFORMATION

CAMERON STATION ALEXANDRIA. VIRGINIA



UNCLASSIFIED

NOTICE: When government or other drawings, specifications or other data are used for any purpose other than in connection with a definitely related government procurement operation, the U. S. Government thereby incurs no responsibility, nor any obligation whatsoever; and the fact that the Government may have formulated, furnished, or in any way supplied the said drawings, specifications, or other data is not to be regarded by implication or otherwise as in any manner licensing the holder or any other person or corporation, or conveying any rights or permission to manufacture, use or sell any patented invention that may in any way be related thereto.



AVAILABLE ONLY FOR INTERPOSE USE AT DDC FIELD SERVICE. COPY IS NOT AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC SALE

The George Washington University

LOGISTICS RESEARCH PROJECT

Contract Nonr761

Task 03, Project NR 345 107 Task 05, Project NR 047 001 Task 06, Project NR 347 008

OFFICE OF NAVAL RESEARCH



PROGRAMS FOR COMPUTING THE STUDENT DISTRIBUTION AND RELATED BAYESIAN FUNCTIONS

bу

Jerome Bracken Arthur Schleifer, Jr.

Serial I-181

10 May 1965

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Logistics Research Project

Contract Nonr761:3

Task 03, Project NR 345 107
Task 05, Project NR 047 001
Task 06, Project NR 347 008

Office of Naval Research

Reproduction in whole or in part is permitted for any purpose of the United States Government

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Logistics Research Project

Abstract of Serial T-181

PROGRAMS FOR COMPUTING THE STUDENT DISTRIBUTION AND RELATED BAYESIAN FUNCTIONS

by

Jerome Bracken **
Arthur Schleifer, Jr.

This report contains programs used in computing the tables presented in Jerome Bracken and Arthur Schleifer, Jr., Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown Variance: The Student Distribution and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans, Division of Research, Graduate School of Business Administration, Harvard University, 1964. The tables are essentially of two kinds: tables of the ordinary Student "t" density and cumulative functions, and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis of certain commonly occurring decision problems in which sampling may or may not be involved. The programs given in this report could be used to compute tables for parameter values other than those of the book either by reading in alternative data, or by straightforward modification where the parameters of the book are included in the programs. The programs are written in FORTRAN II, and in computing the tables in the book they were used on the IBM 7090 and IBM 1401. It should be noted that new programs have been written to perform some of the computations faster, more accurately, or more efficiently.

 $^{^{*}}$ Now at Research Analysis Corporation.

^{**} Now at Harvard University.

Table of Contents

		Page
Abstract		i
1.	Introduction	1
2.	Computational Methods and Computers Used	2
3.	Computer Program Summary	2
4.	Computer Programs	5
References		82

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Logistics Research Project

PROGRAMS FOR COMPUTING THE STUDENT DISTRIBUTION AND RELATED BAYESIAN FUNCTIONS

by

Jerome Bracken Arthur Schleifer, Jr.

1. <u>Introduction</u>

This report contains the computer programs used in computing the tables presented in Bracken and Schleifer [1]. The tables are essentially of two kinds: tables of Student "t" density and cumulative functions, and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis of certain commonly occurring decision problems in which sampling may or may not be involved. Theoretical aspects of the Bayesian analysis and proofs of the formulas used in calculating the Bayesian tables are given in Schleifer [3], and extend results given in Raiffa and Schlaifer [2].

Bracken and Schleifer [1] includes an introduction which describes the tables, discusses prior, posterior and preposterior properties of Student distributions, presents the two-action problems with linear utility which can be analyzed by means of the optimal sample size and maximal net gain tables, and discusses other applications of the tables. Interpolation in the tables and details of their computation and verification are considered.

Although other tables of the Student "t" density and cumulative functions have been published, the most notable being Smirnov [4], the computer programs used in their computation have not been published or described.

2. Computational Methods and Computers Used

Section 6 of Bracken and Schleifer [1] discusses computation and verification of the tables in some detail, and should be used in conjunction with the programs given in this report. The programs are organized in a manner which closely parallels the discussion of their computation and verification.

All of the computer programs are in FORTRAN II, and were written for one or the other of two IBM computers -- the 7090 and the 1401. The tables of the Student density, right-tail, and linear-loss functions f_{S*} , G_{S*} and L_{S*} were computed on the 7090 in double precision. They were further edited for printing on the 7090 in single precision. Included as starting information in the double precision computations were values of $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$ and $G_{S*}(t=10|\nu)$ to 16 significant figures, which had previously been computed on the 1401. It should be noted that a program for computing $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$ has been written in SPS for the IBM 1620, but is not included here. The optimal sample size and net gain functions were computed on the 7090 in double precision. Supplementary programs for computing optimal sample size and net gain, written in FORTRAN II for the 1401 and used to check the computations on the 7090, are also included in this report.

3. Computer Program Summary

This section presents a summary of the computer programs. Inputs and outputs of each program are given. Programs of sections A, B, D, and E were run on the 7090, programs of sections C and F on the 1401.

- A. Programs for Computing Tables f_{S*} , G_{S*} and L_{S*}
 - A.1 Standardized Student Functions for $\nu<\infty$ Inputs none (contains $G_{S*}(t=10|\nu)$ and $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$ for all ν 's) Outputs f_{S*} , G_{S*} and L_{S*} , t=0(.01)10
 - A.2 Standardized Student Functions for $\nu=\infty$ (Normal) Inputs none (contains $G_{S*}(t=10|\nu=\infty)$)
 Outputs f_{S*} , G_{S*} and L_{S*} , t=0(.01)10

- B. Program for Printing Tables f_{S*} , G_{S*} and L_{S*} Inputs f_{S*} , G_{S*} and L_{S*} , t = O(.01)10, double line indicator Outputs f_{S*} , G_{S*} and L_{S*} tables in final form
- C. Supplementary Programs for Computing Standardized Student Functions
 - C.1 Evaluation of $B(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\nu)$ Inputs - ν and values of Riemann's zeta function for integral arguments Outputs - $B(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\nu)$
 - C.2 Finite Series Expansion for $G_{S*}(t|\nu)$, Integral Even $\nu<\infty$ Inputs $-\nu$, $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, t Outputs $-f_{S*}(t|\nu)$, $G_{S*}(t|\nu)$, $L_{S*}(t|\nu)$
 - C.3 Finite Series Expansion for $G_{S*}(t|\nu)$, Integral Odd $\nu<\infty$ Inputs ν , $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, t Outputs $f_{S*}(t|\nu)$, $G_{S*}(t|\nu)$, $L_{S*}(t|\nu)$
 - C.4 Infinite Series Expansion for $G_{S*}(t|\nu)$, Real $\nu<\infty$, $t^2<\nu$ Inputs ν , $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, t Outputs $f_{S*}(t|\nu)$, $G_{S*}(t|\nu)$, $f_{S*}(t|\nu)$
 - C.5 Infinite Series Expansion for $G_{S*}(t|\nu)$, Real $\nu < \infty$, $t^2 > \nu$ Inputs - ν , $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, tOutputs - $f_{S*}(t|\nu)$, $G_{S*}(t|\nu)$, $L_{S*}(t|\nu)$
 - C.6 Continued Fraction for $G_{S*}(t|\nu=\infty)$, t>2Inputs - t , n (number of terms in series) Outputs - $G_{S*}(t|\nu=\infty)$
 - C.7 Series Expansion for $G_{S*}(t|\nu=\infty)$, $t \le 2$ Inputs - t , n (maximum number of terms in series) Outputs - $G_{S*}(t|\nu=\infty)$
- D. Programs for Computing and Printing Optimal Sample Size (R) and Maximal Net Gain (Γ)
 - D.1 R and Γ for $\nu=1\frac{1}{2},2$ Inputs index on ν , index on D , cutoff values of θ , index on Λ Outputs R , Γ , \emptyset , ψ

- D.3 R and Γ for ν = ∞ $\mbox{Inputs index on } \mbox{D , cutoff values of } \theta \mbox{ , index on } \Lambda$ $\mbox{Outputs R , } \Gamma \mbox{ , } \emptyset \mbox{ , } \psi$
- D.4 Subprogram for Printing R and Γ Inputs R , Γ , \emptyset , Ψ Outputs R , Γ , \emptyset , Ψ tables in final form
- E. Programs for Computing Λ and R Cutoffs
 - E.1 $\Lambda_{\rm c}$ and R $_{\rm c}$ for $\nu<\infty$ ${\rm Inputs-index~on}~\nu~,~{\rm index~on}~\dot{\rm D}$ ${\rm Outputs}~-~\theta_{\rm c}~,~\Lambda_{\rm c}~,~R_{\rm c}$
 - E.2 Λ_c and R_c for $\nu = \infty$ Inputs index on D
 Outputs θ_c , Λ_c , R_c
- F. Subprogram for Aitken's Interpolation (modification of SHARE Distribution Number 355,408)

Inputs - table of arguments and corresponding function, new argument Outputs - new function

- G. Supplementary Programs for Computing Optimal Sampling Functions
 - G.1 Optimal Sample Size First Search Procedure Inputs ν , $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, D , Λ , n (maximum number of trials) Outputs R
 - G.2 Optimal Sample Size Second Search Procedure Inputs ν , $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, D , Λ , n (maximum number of trials) Outputs R
 - G.3 Optimal Sample Size Newton-Raphson Procedure Inputs ν , $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, D , Λ , trial R Outputs R

- G.4 Net Gain for Given Optimal Sample Size, Real $\nu<\infty$, $t^2<\nu$ Inputs ν , $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, D , Λ , R Outputs Γ
- G.5 Net Gain for Given Optimal Sample Size, Real $\nu<\infty$, $t^2>\nu$ Inputs ν , $B(\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}\nu)$, D , Λ , R Outputs Γ

4. Computer Programs

Computer programs summarized in Section 3 are contained in this section. Each program is identified by title, and the pages are numbered within programs. Comment cards are liberally used, particularly in the larger 7090 programs for computing the Student distributions and the main Bayesian tables.

A.1 Standardized Student Functions for $\nu < \infty$

```
C --- FS, GS, AND FLS, NU LESS THAN INF, T=0(.01)10
      PRINT 5
      FORMAT(31HOMOUNT OUTPUT TAPE ON LOGICAL 8)
 5
      PAUSE
C
      DIMENSION FLAUT(19), STVT(19), BETAT(19)
D
      DIMENSION T(1001) .FS(1001) .GS(1001) .FLS(1001)
D
D
      DIMENSION TS(91) FSS(91)
C
      FLNUT(1)=1.
D
D
      FLNUT(2)=1.5
D
      FLNUT(3)=2.
D
      FLNUT(4)=3.
      FLNUT(5)=4.
D
D
      FLNUT(6)=5.
      FLNUT (7)=6.
Ď
      FLNUT(8)=7.
D
D
      FLNUT(9)=8.
D
      FLNUT(10)=9.
D
      FLNUT(11)=10.
D
      FLNUT(12)=12.
D
      FLNUT(13)=15.
D
      FLNUT(14)=20.
      FLNUT(15)=24.
D
D
      FLNUT(16)=30.
      FLNUT(17)=40.
D
      FLNUT(18)=60.
D
D
      FLNUT(19)=120.
C
      STVT(1)=0.31725 51743 05535 69877 E-01
D
      STVT(2)=0.11829 67755 68107 78653 E-01
D
      STVT(3) = 0.4926228511662845E-02
D
      STVT(4) = 0.1064199529207075E-02
D
      STYT(5) = 0.2810018113579956E-03
D
D
      STVT(6) = 0.8547378787148180E-04
D
      STYT(7)= 0.2895991377476813E-04
D
      STVT(8)= 0.1069710144538641E-04
      STYT(9) = 0.4244090763814246E-05
D
      STVT(10)=0,1789118715962368E-05
D
      STYT'11)=0.7947765877982060E-06
D
      STVT(12)=0-1790661843836187E-06
D
      STYT(13)=0.2498449071462472E-07
D
      STVT(14)=0.1581890879357194E-08
D
      STVT(15:=0.2457762763837653E-09
Ð
      STV1(16)=0.2287625704114807E-10
D
D
      STVT(17)=0.9656558502057788E-12
D
      STVT(18)=0.1068842957337041E-13
      STVT(19)=0.8569720587680508E-17
D
C
D
      BETAT(1)= 0.3141592653589793E+01
      BETAT(2)= 0.2396280469471184E+01
D
D
      BETAT(3)= C.200000000000000E+01
D
      BETAT(4)= 0.1570796326794897E+01
      BETAT(5)= 0.133333333333333E+01
D
      BETAT(6)= 0.1178097245096172E+01
D
      BETAT(7)= 0.1066666666666667E+01
D
```

```
BETAT(8)= 0.9817477042468104E+00
 D
        BETAT(9)= 0.9142857142857143E+00
 D
        BETAT(10)=0.8590292412159591E+00
 D
        BETAT(11)=0.8126984126984127E+00
 D
        BETAT(12)=0.7388167388167388E+00
 D
        BETAT(13)=0.6580777580029401E+00
 D
 D
        BETAT(14)=0.5675463855030419E+00
 D
        BETAT(15)=0.5170194816176779E+00
 D
        BETAT(16)=0.4614745534009741E+00
        BETAT(17)=0.3988173068948810E+00
 D
 D
        BETAT(18)=0.3249554203948302E+00
 D
        BETAT(19)=0.2293000137934539E+00
 C
        IT = 0
1. D
        T(1)=IT
        DO 10 I= 2,1001
        IT=IT + 1
 D
        TT=IT
    10 T(I) = TT/100
 D
 Ċ
        WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,80,(T(I),I=1,1001)
 C
        IT= 9910
 D
        TT=IT
 D
        TS(1) = TT/1000.
        DO 15 I = 2,91
        IT = IT + 1
        TT = IT
 D
    15 \text{ TS}(I) = \text{TT}/1000.
 D
 C
        WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,80, (TS(I), I=1,91)
 C
 C
      - READ NUMBER OF NUS
 . C
        READ INPUT TAPE 5+20+NUMB
     20 FORMAT(I10)
 C
 C
   --- MAIN INDEX
 C
        DO 500 IMAIN =1.NUMB
 C
 Ċ
   --- READ NU INDEX TO SPECIFY NU
 C
        READ INPUT TAPE 5,25, INU
  25
        FORMAT(110)
 C
        FLNU=FLNUT(INU)
 D
 D
        STV=STVT(INU)
 D
        BETA=BETAT(INU)
 C
 D
        GS(1001) = STV
 C
 C
   --- COMPUTE FS
 C
 D
        TERM1= 1./(BETA*SQRTF(FLNU))
 D
        EXPs + ((FLNU+1.)/2.)
 C
```

```
DO 30 I=1.1001
D30
      FS (1)=TERM1* ((1.+(T (1)**2)/FLNU)**EXP)
C
C --- COMPUTE GS
C
      DO 35 1=1,91
D35 FSS(1) * TERM1* ((1.+(TS(1) **2)/FLNU) **EXP)
C
      DO 50 1=2,10
      J = 11 - 1
      K = 10 + (J-1)
D´
      11=16067. *(FSS(K+1)+FSS(K+11))
      T2=106300. *(FSS(K+2)+FSS(K+10))
D.
      T3=48525. *(FSS(K+3)+FSS(K+9))
T4=272400. *(FSS(K+4)+FSS(K+8))
D
D
D
      15=260550. *(FSS(K+5)+FSS(K+7))
D
      T6=427368. *(FSS(K+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.001)/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6 ·
D
      A=AT1+AT2
      L=1002-1
      M=1002-1+1
D50
      GS(L)=GS(M)+A
      DO 60 1=11,1001
      J= 1001-1
D
      T1=16067. *(FS (J+1)+FS (J+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FS (J+2)+FS (J+10))
D
      T3=48525. *(FS (J+3)+FS (J+9))
      14=272400. *(FS (J+4)+FS (J+8))
D
D
      T5=260550. *(FS (J+5)+FS (J+7))
D
      T6=427368. *(FS (J+6))
      AT1=(5.*0.01 )/299376.
D
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
      A=AT1#AT2
      K=1002-1
      L=1002-I+10
D60
      GS(K)=GS(L)+A
C --- COMPUTE FLS
C
D
      BOT = FLNU-1.
      DO 70 I=1,1001
D
   70 FLS(1) = ((FLNU+ T(1)##2*)/BOT)#FS(1) - T(1)# GS(1)
C
C
  --- WRITE FS.GS.FLS
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                           8, 80,(FS(1),I=1,1001)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                           8, 80, (GS(I), I=1,1001)
                           8, 80, (FLS(I), I=1,1001)
   80 FORMAT (5E20.8)
  --- INDEX
  500 CONTINUE
C --- END
```

C
END FILE 8
PRINT 999
999 FORMAT(20H1 DISMOUNT LOGICAL 8)
PAUSE
CALL EXIT
END

A.2 Standardized Student Functions for. $v = \infty$

```
C --- FS, GS, ANT FLS, NU EQUALS INF(NORMAL), T=0(.01)10
      PRINT 5
 5
      FORMAT(31HOMOUNT OUTPUT TAPE ON LOGICAL 8)
      PAUSE
D
      DIMENSION FLNUT(19), STVT(19), BETAT(19)
      DIMENSION T(1001) +FS(1001) +GS(1001) +FLS(1001)
D
      DIMENSION TS(91) FSS(91)
D
C
      IT = 0
D.
      T(1)=IT
      DO 10 I= 2,1001
      IT=IT + 1
D
      TT=IT
   10 T(I) = TT/100 •
D
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6+80+(T(I)+I=1-1001)
C
      IT= 9910
D
      TT=IT
      TS(1) = TT/1000.
D
      DO 15 I= 2,91
      IT = IT + 1
      TT= IT
D
   15 TS(I) = TT/1000 \bullet
D
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,80, (TS(1), 1=1,91)
C
C
  --- COMPUTE FS
C
D
      CON=1./SQRTF(2.*3.141592653589793)
C
      DO 30 I=1,1001
D30
      FS(I) = CON * EXPF( (-.5) * T(I) = 2)
C
  --- COMPUTE GS
C
C
      GS(1001)=.76198 53024 16059 16 E-23
C
      DO 35 I=1,91
D35
      FSS(1)=CON * EXPF( (-.5) * TS(1)**2)
      DO 50 I=2,10
      J= 11-I
      K = 10 + (J-1)
      T1=16067. *(FSS(K+1)+FSS(K+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FSS(K+2)+FSS(K+10))
D
D
      T3=48525 \cdot *(FSS(K+3)+FSS(K+9))
D
      T4=272400. *(FSS(K+4)+FSS(K+8))
D
      T5=260550. *(FSS(K+5)+FSS(K+7))
D
      T6=427368. *(FSS(K+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.001)/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
      A=AT1*AT2
      L=1002-I
      M=1002-I+1
```

```
D50
      GS(L)=GS(M)+A
C
      DO 60 I=11,1001
      J = 1001 - I
      T1=16067. *(FS (J+1)+FS (J+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FS (J+2)+FS (J+10))
D
      T3=48525. *(FS (J+3)+FS (J+9))
D
D
      T4=272400 \cdot *(FS (J+4)+FS (J+8))
      T5=260550. *(FS (J+5)+FS (J+7))
D
D
      T6=427368. *(FS (J+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.01 )/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
      A=AT1*AT2
      K=1002-I
      L=1002-I+10
D60
      GS(K)=GS(L)+A
C --- COMPUTE FLS
C
      DO 70 I=1,1001
D70
      FLS(I)=FS(I) - T(I)*GS(I)
C
C --- WRITE FS,GS,FLS
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                          8, 80, (FS(I), I=1,1001)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                          8, 80, (GS(I), I=1,1001)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                          8, 80, (FLS(I), I=1,1001)
   80 FORMAT (5E20.8)
C
C --- END
C
      END FILE 8
      PRINT 999
 999 FORMAT(20H1 DISMOUNT LOGICAL 8)
      PAUSE
      CALL EXIT
      END
```

```
B. Program for Printing Tables f<sub>S*</sub>, G<sub>S*</sub> and L<sub>S*</sub>
C --- FS, GS, AND FLS EDIT AND PRINT
C
      PRINT 10
 10
      FORMAT(30H1MOUNT INPUT TAPE ON LOGICAL 3)
      PRINT 15
 15
      FORMAT(31H1MOUNT OUTPUT TAPE ON LOGICAL 8)
      PAUSE
C
      DIMENSION DIST(1001)
      DIMENSION T(11) +TT(10)
      DIMENSION P1(11), P2(11), P3(11), DIF(5)
      DIMENSION IP3(11), ID(11)
      DIMENSION IP4(11)
C
 105 FORMAT(3I10)
      FORMAT(1H112X,1HFI3,41X,16HSTUDENT ORDINATE41X,1HFI3)
 111
      FORMAT(1H112X, 1HGI3, 40X, 18HSTUDENT RIGHT TAIL 40X, 4X)
 112
                            40X,19HSTUDENT LINEAR LOSS39X,1HLI3)
      FORMAT(1H112X+4X+
 113
                                                  2
                                                         3.
                      78HEXP
                                   0
                                                                        5
 125 FORMAT( 18X,
                                            1
                      8
                                    10)
         6
               7
     1
 130 FORMAT(5E20.8)
 131
      FORMAT(E20.8.4X)
                      0.015.4X.14.4X.14.2X.14.2X.14.2X.14.4X.14.4X.14.4X.14.2X
 139 FORMAT(10X+6H
     1, I4, 2X, I4, 2X, I4, 4X, I4, 2X, 5I4)
                          15,4X,14,4X,14,2X,14,2X,14,2X,14,4X,14,4X,14,4X
 140 FORMAT(10X+F6+1+
     1, 14, 2x, 14, 2x, 14, 4x, 14, 2x, 514)
 141 FORMAT(10X+F6+1+
                           15,4X,14,4X,14,2X,14,2X,14,2X,14,4X,14,34X,
     1
                              2X • 5 [4]
 142 FORMAT(10X.6X.
                           I5,4X,34X,
                                                                  I4,4X,I4,2X
     1, I4, 2X, I4, 2X, I4, 4X, I4, 2X, 5I4)
 145 FORMAT(1H)
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,105, NUMNUS
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,105, NUMNUS
C
      DO 2000 IMAINA=1.NUMNUS
C
  --- ROUTINE FOR EACH NU
C
c
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,105, NU, LINSW, LINTOT
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,105, NU, LINSW, LINTOT
C
      DO 1800 IMAINB=1,3
      IF (IMAINB -2)211,212,213
 211
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8+111+NU+NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8:145
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,125
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,145
      GO TO 230
 212 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8+112+NU+NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,145
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8:125
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,145
      GO TO 230
 213 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,113,NU,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,145
```

```
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,125
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,145
      GO TO 230
C
C --- ROUTINE FOR EACH DISTRIBUTION
C
 230
      READ INPUT TAPE 3,130,(DIST(1), I=1,1001)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,105, IMAINA, NU, IMAINB
C
      ARG=0.0
      NL=1
      BN=10.**30
C
      ILINE=1
      DO 1000 IMAINC=1,80
C
      DO 240 JPR=1:11
      KPR=10*(IMAINC-1)+JPR
      P1(JPR) *DIST(KPR)
 240 CONTINUE
C
C --- DECISION 1 OR 2 LINES
C
      IF(ILINE-LINSW)300,600,600
C
C --- 1 LINE
C
 300 ILINE=ILINE+1
      A1=P1(1)*BN
      A2= •43429448 * LOGF(A1)
      11=A2
      IE=(I1-30)+1
      IE2= XABSF (IE)
C
      IF(IE-0)330,320,310
  310 FMULT = 10.**(-IE2)
      DO 315 LPR=1.11
  315 P2(LPR) = P1(LPR) * FMULT
      GO TO 340
C
  320 DO 325 LPR=1,11
  325 P2(LPR) = P1(LPR)
      IE=+0
      GO TO 340
  330 FMULT =10.** IE2
      DO 335 LPR=1.11
  335 P2(LPR)=P1(LPR)*FMULT
      GO TO 340
C
  340 DO 345 J≈1,11
  345 P3(J)=P2(J)* 10000.
      DO 360 J=1,11
      AX=P3(J)
      `AY=P3(J)+l.
```

IA=AY

```
IF((AZ-AX)-(AY-AZ))350,350,355
  350 IP3(J)=AY
      GO TO 360
  355 IP3(J)=AX
      GO TO 360
  360 CONTINUE
C
      DIFT =0.
      DO 365 J=2,11
  365 DIFT=DIFT +( P3(J)-P3(J-1))
      DIFM=ABSF(DIFT/10.)
      DIF(1)=DIFM*il
      DIF(2)=DIFM*:2
      DIF(3) = DIFM* . 3
      DIF(4)=DIFM*.4
      DIF(5)=DIFM*.5
      DO 380 J=1.5
      AX=DIF(J)
      AY=DIF(J)+1.
      IA=AY
      AZ=IA
      IF((AZ-AX)-(AY-AZ))370,370,375
  370 ID(J)=AY
      GO TO 380
  375 ID(J)=AX
      GO TO 380
  380 CONTINUE
C
      DO 999 J=1,11
      IP4(J) = IP3(J) + 10000
      IF(ARG-0.0)381,381,382
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,139, IE,
                                        (IP4(J),J=1,11),(ID(J),J=1,5)
      GO TO 384
 382 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8, 140, ARG, IE, (IP4(J), J=1,11), (ID(J), J=1,5)
      GO TO 384 -
C
 384 NL=NL+1
      IF(NL-6)385,390,390
 385 GO TO 900
  390 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8, 145
      NL=1
      GO TO 900
C
C --- 2 LINE
C
 600 ILINE=ILINE+2
      I2L=1
      M=I
      MP=2
      N=6
      GO TO 630
C
 610 I2L=2
      M=6
      MP=7
      N=11
```

```
GO TO 630
  630 Al=P1(M)*BN
      A2=+43429448*LOGF(A1)
      11=A2
      IE = (I1 - 30) + 1
      IE2=XABSF(IE)
C
      IF(IE-0)680,670,660
C
      FMULT=10.**(-IE2)
 660
      DO 661 J=M.N
      P2(J)=P1(J)*FMULT
 661
      GO TO 700
C
      DO 671 J=M.N
 670
671 P2(J)=P1(J)
      IE=+0
      GC TO 700
C
 680 FMULT=10.**IE2
      DO 681 J=M.N
 681 P2(J)=P1(J)*FMULT
      GO TO 700
C
 700 DO 710 J=M+N
 710 P3(J)=P2(J)*10000.
      DO 740 J=M+N
      AX=P3(J)
      AY=P3(J)+1.
      IA=AY
       AZ=IA
       IF((AZ-AX)-(AY-AZ))720,720,730
      IP3(J)=AY
 720
       GO TO 740
      IP3(J)=AX
 730
       GO TO 740
 740
      CONTINUE
C
       DIFT=0.
       DO 750 J=MP+N
       DIFT=DIFT+(P3(J)-P3(J-1))
 750
       DIFM=ABSF(DIFT/5.)
       DIF(1)=DIFM*.1
       DIF(2)=DIFM*.2
       DIF(3)=DIFM*.3
       DIF(4)=DIFM*.4
       DIF(5)=DIFM*.5
       DO 790 J=1.5
       AX=DIF(J)
       AY=DIF(J)+1.
       IA=AY
       AZ=IA
       IF((AZ-AX)-(AY-AZ))760,760,770
      YA=(L)GI
  760
       GO TO 790
  770 ID(J)=AX
```

```
GO TO 790
790
     CONTINUE
C
      GO TO (801,806), I2L
C
801 DO 802 J=1,6
 802 IP4(J)=IP3(J)+10000
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8:141; ARG: IE: (IP4(J): J=1;6); (ID(J): J=1;5)
      GO TO 610
C
 806 DO 807 J=6:11
 807
     IP4(J)=IP3(J)+10000
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,142, IE,
                                      (IP4(J),J=6,11),(ID(J),J=1,5)
      NL=NL+1
      IF(NL-6)810,820,820
 810
      GO TO 900
820
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,145
      NL=1
      GO TO 900
C
C --- DECISION ON END OF TABLE- INDEX ON LINES
C
 900 IF(ILINE-LINTOT)920,950,950
 920 ARG=ARG+0.1
      GO TO 1000
 950 ARG=ARG+0.1
      GO TO 1050
C
 1000 CONTINUE
C
C --- LAST VALUE IN DISTRIBUTION
C
 1050 A1=P1(11)*BN
      A2= +43429448 * LOGF(A1)
      11 = A2
      IE=(I1-30) + 1
      IE2= XABSF(IE)
C
      IF(IE-0)1070,1060,1070
 1060 IE=0
      PL1=P1(11)
      GO TO 1080
 1070 PL1=P1(11) * (10.** IE2)* 10000.
      GO TO 1080
C
 1080 AX=PL1
      AY=PL1 + 1.
      IA=AY
      AZ=IA
      IF ((AZ-AX)-(AY-AZ)) 1085,1085,1090
 1085 IPL=AY
      GO TO 1100
 1090 IPL=AX
      GO TO 1100
Ċ
 1100 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8. 140. ARG. IE. IPL
C
```

```
C --- MAIN INDEXES
C
1800 CONTINUE
2000 CONTINUE
C
END FILE 8
PRINT 3000
3000 FORMAT(25H1DISMOUNT LOGICAL 3 AND 8)
PAUSE
CALL EXIT
END
```

```
C --- SERIES EXPANSION FOR B(1/2,1/2NU)
. C
      DIMENSION RT(2), IR(2), GRT(2), GR(2)
C
 5
      FORMAT(I10)
10
      FORMAT(E40.20,110)
20
      FORMAT(E40.20).
25
      FORMAT(1H)
C
      SQPI=SQRTF(3.1415926535897932385)
      PRINT 20,SQPI
C
      READ 5.NUMB '
      DO 1000 IMAIN=1.NUMB
C
      READ 10.FLNU.NZ
      PRINT 10.FLNU.NZ
      X=.5*FLNU
C
      1 X=X
      TIX=IX
      R=X-TIX
      IF(R-.5)130,140,140
130 RT(1)=R+1.
      IR(1)=IX-1
      RT(2)=R+.5
      IR(2)=1X
      GO TO 200
 140 RT(1)=R
      IR(1)=IX
      RT(2)=R++5
      IR(2)=IX
      GO TO 200
 200 DO 400 I=1,2
      IF(RT(I)-1.)250,225,250
 225 GRT(I)=1.
      GO TO 400
 250 ZT=0.
      Z1=1.
      DO 300 J=1,NZ
      FJ=J
      READ INPUT TAPE 2,10,ZETA
      Z1=(1.-RT(I))*Z1
      Z=(Z1*ZETA)/FJ
 300 ZT=ZT+Z
      GRT(I)=EXPF(ZT)
      REWIND 2
 400
      CONTINUE
      PRINT 20, GRT(1), GRT(2)
C
      DO 600 I=1.2
      GR(I)=GRT(I)
      RMULT=RT(I)
C
      IRT=IR(I)
```

DO 500 J=1.IRT

C.1 Evaluation of $B(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}v)$

```
GR(I)=GR(I)*RMULT
RMULT=RMULT+1.

500 CONTINUE
C
600 CONTINUE
C
BETA=(SQPI*GR(1))/GR(2)
C
PRINT 20.6GR(1).6GR(2).BETA
PRINT 25
C
1000 CONTINUE
END
```

- 10 -

```
C.2 Finite Series Expansion for G_{C*}(t,v), Integral Even v \in \mathbb{R}
C --- SERIES EXPANSION FOR GS, INTEGRAL EVEN NU
C --- FS, GS, AND FLS
 10
      FORMAT(I10)
 17
      FORMAT(I10,E30.20,F10.2)
 18
      FORMAT(E30.20)
 19
      FORMAT(1H)
      READ 10, NUMNUS
      PRINT10, NUMNUS
      DO 450 INU=1.NUMNUS
C
      READ 17.NU.BETA.T
      PRINT17, NU, BETA, T
      FLNU=NU
C
C --- DENSITY FS
C
      Z=(1./SQRTF(FLNU))*(1./BETA)
      EXP=(-.5)*(FLNU+1.)
      FS=Z*(1.+T**2/FLNU)**EXP
      PRINT 18.FS
C --- RIGHT TAIL GS
      IMAX=NU/2
      CONA=FLNU/(FLNU+T**2)
      TERMU=1.
      SUMU=1.
C
      DO:440 I=2.IMAX
      FI=I
      TINCR=(2.*FI-3.)/(2.*FI-2.)
      TERMU=TINCR*CONA*TERMU
      SUMU≃SUMU+TERMU
 440
     CONTINUE
      CONB=T/SQRTF(FLNU+T**2)
      GS=.5*(1.-CONB*SUMU)
      PRINT 18+GS
C
C --- LINEAR LOSS FLS
C
      FLS=((FLNU+T**2)/(FLNU-1.))*FS - T*GS
      PRINT 18,FLS
      PRINT 19
C
 450 CONTINUE
      END
```

```
C.3 Finite Series Expansion for G_{c*}(t|\nu), Integral Odd \nu<\infty
C --- SERIES EXPANSION FOR GS. INTEGRAL ODD NU
C --- FS, GS, AND FLS
C
      FORMAT(110,E30.20.F10.2)
 17
 18
      FORMAT(E30.20)
C
      READ 17.NU.BETA.T
      PRINT17, NU, BETA, T
      FLNU=NU
C --- DENSITY FS
      Z=(1./SQRTF(FLNU))*(1./BETA)
      EXP=(-.5)*(FLNU+1.)
      FS=2*(1.+T**2/FLNU)**EXP
     PRINT 18,FS
C --- RIGHT TAIL GS.
C·
      IMAX=(NU-1)/2
      CONA=FLNU/(FLNU+T##2)
      IF(NU-3)410,415,420
 410 SUMV=0.
      GO TO 490
      SUMV=CONA
 415
      GO TO 490
 420
      TERM=CONA
      SUMV=CONA
C
      DO 480 I=2, IMAX
      FI÷I
      TINCR=(2.*FI-2.)/(2.*FI-1.)
      TERM=TINCR*CONA*TERM
      SUMV=SUMV+TERM
 480 CONTINUE
C
C --- ARCTAN OF SQRTF(FLNU/T)
C
 490 X=SQRTF(FLNU)/T
      PI=3.1415926535897932385
C
      IF(X-1.5)491,491,496
 491 CON1=X**2/(1.+X**2)
      TERM=1.
      SUM=1.
      SUMB4=1.
C
      DO 493 I=2,100
      FI=I
      TINCR=(2.*FI-2.)/(2.*FI-1.)
      TERM=TINCR*CON1*TERM
      SUM=SUM+TERM
      IF(SUM-SUMB4)494,494,492
 492 SUMB4=SUM
 493 CONTINUE
```

494 CON2=X/(1.+X**2)

```
ATANX=CON2*SUM
     GO TO 510
496
     CON1=1./X**2
      TERM=1./X
      SUM=1./X
      SUMB4=0+
C
      DO 498 I=2,100
      FI=I
      TINCR=-((2**FI-3*)/(2**FI-1*))
      TERM=TINCR*CON1*TERM
      SUM=SUM+TERM
      IF(SUM-SUMB4)497,499,497
      SUMB4=SUM
 497
 498
     CONTINUE
 499
      ATANX=PI/2.-SUM
      GO TO 510
C
      PRINT 18+X+ATANX
 510
      CONB=T/SQRTF(FLNU)
      GS=(1./PI)*(ATANX-CONB*SUMV)
      PRINT 18 +GS
C
Č
  --- LINEAR LOSS FLS
C
      FLS=((FLNU+T**2)/(FLNU-1.))*F5 - T#GS
      PRINT 18.FLS
C
      GO TO 21
      END
```

```
Program C.4, page 1
  C.4 Infinite Series Expansion for G_{g*}(t | \nu) , Real \nu < \infty , t^2 < \nu
C --- SERIES EXPANSION FOR GS. NU REAL. CONVERGES FOR T**2 LESS THAN NU
C --- FS, GS, AND FLS
 10
       FORMAT(I10)
       FORMAT(2E30.20.F10.4)
 17
       FORMAT( E30.20,15)
 18
       FORMAT(1H)
 19
C
       READ 10. NUMNUS
       PRINT10, NUMNUS
       DO 500 INU=1.NUMNUS
C
       READ 17.TNU.TBETA.T
       PRINT17, TNU, TBETA, T
C
C
  --- DENSITY FS
· C
       Z=(1./SQRTF(TNU))*(1./TBETA)
       EXP=(-.5)*(TNU+1.)
       FS=Z*(1.+T**2/TNU)**EXP
       PRINT 17.FS
C
C
  --- RIGHT TAIL GS
C
       CONA=T**2/TNU
       TERM=1.
       SUM=1.
       SUMB4=0.
C
       DO 340 J=2,500
       FJ=J ..
       TINCR=-((2.*FJ-3.)*(TNU+2.*FJ-3.))/((2.*FJ-1.)*(2.*FJ-2.))
       TERM=TINCR*CONA*TERM
       SUM=SUM+TERM
       IF(SUM-SUMB4)338,345,338
 338 SUMB4=SUM
 340 CONTINUE
       GO TO 999
C
 345
       CONB=(T/SQRTF(TNU))/TBETA
       GS=.5-CONB*SUM
C
       PRINT 18.GS.J
C --- LINEAR LOSS FLS
       FLS=((TNU+T**2)/(TNU-1.))*F5 - T*G5
       PRINT 17.FLS
       PRINT 19
```

999

500

CONTINUE

CONTINUE END

```
C.5 Infinite Series Expansion for G_{S*}(t | \nu) , Real \nu < \infty , t^2 > \nu
C --- SERIES EXPANSION FOR GS. NU REAL. CONVERGES AS POWER SERIES IN
C --- NU/(NU+T**2) FS, GS, AND FLS
 10
      FORMAT(I10)
      FORMAT(2E30.20,F10.3)
 17
      FORMAT( E30.20,15)
 18
 19
      FORMAT(1H)
C
      READ 10, NUMNUS
      PRINTIO, NUMNUS
      DO 500 INU=1 NUMNUS
C
      READ 17. TNU. TBETA.T
      PRINT17, TNU, TBETA, T
C
C
  --- DENSITY FS
      Z=(1./SQRTF(TNU))*(1./TBETA)
      EXP=(-.5)*(TNU+1.)
      FS=Z*(1.+T**2/TNU)**EXP
      PRINT 17.FS
C
C --- RIGHT TAIL GS
      CONA=TNU/(TNU+T**2)
      TERM=1./TNU
      SUM= 1./TNU
      SUMB4=0+
C
      DO 340 J=2,500
      FJ=J
      TINCR=((2.*FJ-3.)*(TNU+2.*FJ-4.))/((2.*FJ-2.)*(TNU+2.*FJ-2.))
      TERM=TINCR*CONA*TERM
      SUM=SUM+TERM
      IF(SUM-SUMB4)345,345,338
 338 SUMB4=SUM
 340 CONTINUE
      GO TO 999
 345 CONB=(1./TBETA)*CONA**(.5*TNU)
      GS=CONB*SUM
      PRINT 18,GS,J
C --- LINEAR LOSS FLS
      FLS=((TNU+T**2)/(TNU-1.))*FS - T*GS
      PRINT 17,FLS
      PRINT 19
 500
      CONTINUE
 999
      CONTINUE
      END
```

```
C.6 Continued Fraction for G_{S*}(t|\nu=\infty), t>2
C --- NORMAL RIGHT TAIL USING LAPLACE SERIES, T GREATER THAN 2
C
      FORMAT(110,E40.20)
1
 2
      FORMAT(E40.20)
Ċ
      READ 1.NUMB
      DO 200 IMAIN=1.NUMB
C
      READ 1.N.T
      AN=N
      Z=AN/(T+AN+1.)
     NM1=N-1
      DO 100 I=1,NM1
      AI=I
 100
     Z=(AN-AI)/(T+Z)
      PI=3.1415926535897392
      F=(EXPF(-.5*T**2))/SQRTF(2.*P1)
      G=F/(T+Z)
      PRINT 2.G
      GNBS=1.-2.*G
      PRINT 2.GNBS
      CONTINUE
      END
```

```
C.7 Series Expansion for ~G^{}_{{\bf S} \bigstar}(\,t\,\big|\,\nu\,=\,\infty) , t\,\leq\,2
C --- NORMAL RIGHT TAIL, T EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 2 .
10
      FORMAT(110.F10.2)
 20
      FORMAT(E40.20)
Ċ
      READ 10 . NUMB
      PRINT10.NUMB
      DO 300 IMAIN=1.NUMB
C
      READ 10.ITER.T
      PRINT10, ITER, T
      PI=3.1415926535897932
      CON=1./(SQRTF(2.*PI))
       SUMB4=0.
      TERM=T
      SUM=T
      DO 100 I=1,ITER
        A1=1
       TINCR=~(2.*AI-1.)/(2.*AI*(2.*AI+1.))
       TERM=TINCR+TERM+T++2
       SUMB4=SUM
       SUM=SUM+TERM
       IF(SUM-SUMB4)100,150,100
  100 CONTINUE
  150 G = .5-(SUM*CON)
PRINT 10:1
      PRINT 20.6
C
 300 CONTINUE
      END
```

```
D.1 R and \Gamma for \gamma = 1\frac{1}{2}, 2
C --- OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE AND NET GAIN, NU=3/2,2
C
      PRINT 5
      PAUSE
C
C
      DIMENSION CL(121), CLGRHO(41,121), CLGNG(41,121)
      COMMON CL, CLGRHO, CLGNG
      DIMENSION PHIAS(121), PSIAS(121)
      COMMON PHIAS + PSIAS
C
      DIMENSION FLNUT(19) STVT(19) BETAT(19)
D
D
      DIMENSION T(1001), FS(1001), GS(1001), FLS(1001)
D
      DIMENSION TS(91), FSS(91)
      DIMENSION L(11)
      DIMENSION D( 41), THCTT( 41), THCT( 41), FLAMCT( 41), FLCT( 41)
      DIMENSION ATH(360) .BL(121) .BLAM(121)
      DIMENSION ALAM(360), CLAM(121), CTH(121)
      DIMENSION CRHOT(121), CRHQ(121), ITER(121), CGPR(121)
      DIMENSION CRHOAS(121), RHORAT(121)
      DIMENSION CNG(121)
C
      FORMAT(38H1MOUNT OUTPUT TAPES ON LOGICAL 2 AND 8)
 5
      FORMAT(25H1DISMOUNT LOGICAL 2 AND 8)
 6
 10
      FORMAT(3110)
 15
      FORMAT(5E20.8)
 16
      FORMAT(5F20.8)
 21
      FORMAT(1H1)
 22
      FORMAT(1H )
 51
      FORMAT(21HOSTUDENT DENSITY NU=14)
 52
      FORMAT(24HOSTUDENT RIGHT TAIL, NU=14)
 53
      FORMAT(25HOSTUDENT LINEAR LOSS, NU=14)
 61
      FORMAT(110HO
                          CL
                                             CLAM
                                                                   CTH
                          CLGRHO
                 CRHO
                                                  CNG
                                                          CLGNG1
 63
      FORMATI 70HO
                         CL
                                            CRHO
                                                              CRHOAS
              RHORAT )
 71
      FORMAT(F10.2.3E20.8.F10.4.E20.8.F10.4)
 72
      FORMAT(F10.2,3E20.8,110)
73
      FORMAT(F10.2.3E20.8)
81
      FORMAT(3HOD=F6.2)
     SPECIFY FLNUT, STVT, AND BETAT
C
      FLNUT(2)=1.5
      FLNUT(3)=2.
Ċ
D
      STVT(2)=0.11829 67755 68107 78653 E-01
D
      STVT(3) = 0.4926228511662845E-02
C
D
      BETAT(2) = 0.2396280469471184E+01
      D
    - GENERATE T AND TS
C
C
      IT=0
D
      T(1)=IT
```

DO 110 1=2,1001

```
IT = IT + 1
      TT=IT
D
D 110 T(f) = TT/100.
C
      IT = 9910
      TS(1) = IT/1000
D
      DO 115 I=2,91
      IT=IT+1
      TT=IT
 115 TS(I)=TT/1000.
C
č
  --- D LIST
                  0(+1)4
C
      ID = 0
      D(1) = ID
      DO 130 I=2.41
      ID=iD+1
      TD= ID
  130 D(I) = TD/10.
                              •9999 9999 TO •01
  --- ATH LIST 360 VALUES
C
             11=-9999 9999
       ATH(
             21=.9999 9998
       ATH(
             31=+9999 9997
       ATH(
             41=.9999 9996
       ATH(
             5)=.9999 9995
       ATH(
             61=.9999 9994
       ATH(
             7)=.9999 9993
       ATH
             81=.9999 9992
       ATH(
       ATH( - 9)=.9999 9991
       ATH( 10)=.9999 999
       ATH( 11)=.9999 998
       ATH( 12)=49999 997
       ATH( 13)=.9999 996
       ATH( 14)=.9999 995
       ATH( 15)=.9999 994
       ATH( 16) = . 9999 993
       ATH( 17)=+9999 992
       ATH( 18)=.9999 991
       ATH( 19)=.9999 99
       ATH( 20)=.9999 98
       ATH( 21)=.9999 97
       ATH( 22)=.9999 96
       ATH( 23)=+9999 95
       ATH( 24)=.9999 94
       ATH( 25)=.9999 93
ATH( 26)=.9999 92
       ATH( 27)=+9999 91
       ATH( 28)=.9999 9
       ATH( 29)=.9999 8
       ATH( 30)=+9999 7
       ATH( 31)=.9999 6
       ATH( 32)=+9999 5
       ATH( 33)=.9999 4
       ATH( 34)=.9999 3
       ATH( 35)=.9999 2
```

```
ATH( 36)=.9999 1
      ATH( 37)=.9999
      DO 133 J=38+236
 133 ATH(J)=ATH(J-1)-.0001
      ATH(237)=.979
      DO 134 J=238,266
  134 ATH(J)=ATH(J-1)-.001
      ATH(267)=094
      DO 135 J=268,360
  135 ATH(J)=ATH(J-1)-.01
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15, (ATH(J), J=1,360)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,16, (ATH(J), J=1,360)
C
C --- BL AND BLAM
                          L=-2.(.1)10
C
      LT=-20
      BL(1)=-2.
      BLAM(1)=.01
      DO 160 J=2,121
      LT=LT+1
      IF(LT - 0)155,150,155
  150 BL(J) = + 0
      GO TO 160
  155 FLT = LT
      BL(J) = FLT/10
  160 BLAM(J) = 10.** BL(J)
C
C
  --- READ NUMNU . MAIN INDEX ON NU - IOFNU
C
      READ"INPUT TAPE 5,10, NUMNU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.10.NUMNU
C
      DO 3000 IOFNU = 1.NUMNU
C
C --- READ INU, NU, AND MAXIT
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10, INU, NU, MAXIT
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10, INU, NU, MAXIT
C
D
      FLNU=FLNUT(INU)
D
      STV=STVT(INU)
D
      BETA=BETAT(INU)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.15.FLNU.STV.BETA
C --- INITIALIZE CLGRHO AND CLGNG
      DO 200 I=1:41
      DO 190 J=1,121
      CLGRHO(I_{*}J) = 0_{*}
      CLGNG(I.J) =0.
  190 CONTINUE
  200 CONTINUE
C --- COMPUTE FS
C
      TERM1 = 1./(BETA * SQRTF (FLNU))
```

```
D
      EXP=-((FLNU+1*)/2*)
C
      DO 230 I=1,1001
D 230 FS (I)=TERM1* ((1.+(T (I)**2)/FLNU)**EXP)
 --- COMPUTE GS
C
C
      GS(1001) = STV
D
C
      DO 235 I=1.91
D 235 FSS(I)=TERM1* ((1.+(TS(I)**2)/FLNU)**EXP)
C
      DO 250 I=2,10
      J= 11-1
      K = 10*(J-1)
      T1=16067. *(FSS(K+1)+FSS(K+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FSS(K+2)+FSS(K+10))
D
      T3=48525. *(FSS(K+3)+FSS(K+9))
D
      T4=272400. *(FSS(K+4)+FSS(K+8))
D
      T5=260550. *(FSS(K+5)+FSS(K+7))
D
      T6=427368. *(FSS(K+6))
D
D
      AT1=(5.*0.001)/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
      A=AT1*AT2
D
      L=1002-I
      M=1002-I+1
D 250 GS(L)=GS(M)+A
C
      DO 260 I=11,1001
      J = 1001 - I
      T1=16067. *(FS (J+1)+FS (J+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FS (J+2)+FS (J+10))
D
      T3=48525 *(FS (J+3)+FS (J+9))
      T4=272400, *(FS (J+4)+FS (J+8))
      T5=260550. *(FS (J+5)+FS (J+7))
      T6=427368. *(FS (J+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.01 )/299376.
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
D
      A=AT1+AT2
      K=1002-I
      L=1002-I+10
D 260 GS(K)=GS(L)+A
C --- COMPUTE FLS
C
      BOT = FLNU-1.
D
      DO 270 1=1,1001
D 270 FLS(I)=((FLNU+ T(I)**2.)/BOT)*FS(I) - T(I)* GS(I)
C --- PRINT STUDENT DISTRIBUTIONS
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,51,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15, (FS (1), I=1,1001,100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,52,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15,(GS (I), I=1,1001,100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,53,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15, (FLS(I), I=1,1001,100)
```

```
C
  --- READ INDEX IOFD
                              INDEX ON D
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10,10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10,10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
C
      DO 2000 IOFD = 10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
  --- READ AND PRINT THCT(IOFD), IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3
C
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,15,THCT(IOFD)
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10,10FL1,10FL2,10FL3
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,21
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15,THCT(IOFD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10,10FL1,10FL2,10FL3
. C
C --- COMPUTE ALAM = F(ATH) WHERE ATH = OR GREATER THAN THCT(IOFD) ,
C --- NOTE ATH IS STORED IN DECREASING ORDER
C
      DO 400 J=1,360
      IF(ATH(J)- THCT(10FD))350,350,370
 350
      JLONG=J-1
      GO TO 425
C
 370 DTH = D(IOFD)/ATH(J)
      L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(T(1))
      L(3) = XLOCF(FS(1))
      L(4)= 1
      L(5)= 1
      L(6)= 5
      L(7) = 1001
      L(8) = 0
      FSDTH = TABF(DTH_{\bullet}L(1))
      I=L(8)
      GO TO(390,375),I
  375 PRINT 380, 10FD, J, DTH
  380 FORMAT(15H1TFS(D/ATH) BAD215,E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
C
  390 TERM1=(FLNU-1.)/(FLNU+ DTH**2)
      TERM2=(2.* ATH(J)) / ((( 1.-ATH(J)**2')**2 )* FSDTH)
      ALAM(J)≈ TERM1 * TERM2
  400 CONTINUE
      JLONG=360
C
C
                           COMPUTE CTH = F(CLAM) . WHERE
C --- CLAM = 10**L
                       , BY USING ALAM= F(ATH) TABLE
C
 425
      DO 750 J=IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
      CL(J) = BL(J)
      CLAM(J) = BLAM(J)
      L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(ALAM(1))
```

```
L(3) = XLOCF(ATH(1))
      L(4)=1
      L(5)=1
      L(6)=5
      L(7) = JLONG
      L(8)=0
      CTH(J)= TABF(CLAM(J)+L(1))
      GO TO (750,710 ),I
  710 PRINT 720, 10FD, J,CTH(J)
  720 FORMAT(16H1CTH=F(CLAM) BAD215,E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
C
  750 CONTINUE
C
C --- COMPUTE CRHOT
C
      DO 800 J=IOFL1,IOFL2,IOFL3
      CRHOT(J) = CTH(J) **2 / (1 - CTH(J) **2 )
 800 CONTINUE
C
C --- COMPUTE CRHO BY NEWTON RAPHSON ...
C
      DO 900 J=IOFL1,IOFL2,IOFL3
      RHONEW=CRHOT (J)
      AGPRN=0.
C
      DO 880 IT=1,MAXIT
      IF(IT-10)825,825,830
 825 RHO=RHONEW
      GO TO 850
 830
     RHO=RHONEW
      IF (AGPRO-AGPRN) 835 +835 +840
     GO TO 890
 835
 840
     GO TO 850
C
 850
      AGPRO=AGPRN
      V=D(IOFD)
      FLAM=10.**CL(J)
      THETA=SQRTF(RHO/(1.+RHO))
      CON=1./(SQRTF(FLNU)*BETA)
      EXP=(-.5)*(FLNU+1.)
      DTH=V/THETA
      FSDTH=CON * (1.+DTH**2/FLNU)**EXP
      T1=(.5*FLAM) / (SQRTF(RHO+(RHO+1.)**3))
      T2=(FLNU+DTH**2) / (FLNU-1.)
      GPR=(T1*T2*FSDTH)-1.
      TA=FLAM/ (4.*(FLNU-1.))
      TB=SQRTF(RHO*(RHO+1.))
      TQA=-4.*(FLNU+V**2)*RHO**2
      TQB=(V**2*FLNU-6.*V**2-FLNU) * RHO
      TQC=V**2*(FLNU-2.)
      U1=TA/TB
      U2=(TQA+TQB+TQC)/(TB**2)
      G2PR=(U1*U2*FSDTH)/(TB**2)
      RHONEW=RHO - (GPR/G2PR)
      AGPRN=ABSF (GPR)
C
```

```
880
     CONTINUE
C
 890
     CRHO(J)=RHONEW
      ITER(J)=IT
      CGPR(J)=GPR
C
 900 CONTINUE
C
 --- COMPUTE CLGRHO
C
      DO 950 J=IOFL1,IOFL2,IOFL3
      IF(CRHO(J)-0.)910,910,920
 910 CLGRHO(IOFD,J)=-99.9999
      GO TO 950
 920
     CLGRHO(IOFD, J) = LOG10F(CRHO(J))
 950
     CONTINUE
C
C
  --- COMPUTE CNG, CLGNG
C
      DO 1100 J=IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
      DTH=D(IOFD)/CTH(J)
      IF(DTH-8.)1010,960,960
C
D960
     TNU=FLNU
D
      TBETA=BETA
D
      H≖DTH
C
  --- DENSITY FST
C
C
      Z=(1./SQRTF(TNU))*(1./BETA)
D
D
      EXP=(-.5)*(TNU+1.)
      FST=Z*(1.+H**2/TNU)**EXP
D
C
C
  --- RIGHT TAIL GST
C
D
      CONA=TNU/(TNU+T**2)
D
      TERM=1./TNU
D
      SUM= 1./TNU
D
      SUMB4=0.
C
      DO 975 JK=2,500
D
      FJ=JK
      TINCR=((2.*FJ-3.)*(TNU+2.*FJ-4.))/((2.*FJ-2.)*(TNU+2.*FJ-2.))
D
      TERM=TINCR*CONA*TERM
D
D
      SUM=SUM+TERM
D
      IF(SUM-SUMB4)980,980,970
D970
      SUMB4=SUM
 975
      CONTINUE
C
D980
      CONB=(1./TBETA)*CONA**(.5*TNU)
D
      GST=CONB*SUM
C
  --- LINEAR LOSS FLST
      FLST=((TNU+H**2)/(TNU-1.))*FST-H*GST
D
C
D
      FLSDTH=FLST
```

```
GO TO 1050
  1010 L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
       L(2) = XLOCF(T(1))
       L(3) = XLOCF(FLS(1))
       L(4) = 1
       L(5) = 1
       L(6)= 5
       L(7) = 1001
       L(8) = 0
       FLSDTH = TABF(DTH_{*}L(1))
       I=L(8)
       GO TO (1050,1020),I
 1020 PRINT 1030, IOFD, J, FLSDTH
  1030 FORMAT(15H1FLSDTH
                              BAD215,E20.8)
       GO TO 9999
. C
 1050 CLAMTT=CLAM(J)
D
       CLAMT=CLAMTT
       CTHTT=CTH(J)
       CTHT=CTHTT
D
       CRHOTT=CRHO(J)
D
       CRHOT=CRHOTT
       CNG(J)=CLAMT*CTHT*FLSDTH-CRHOT
D
       IF(CNG(J)-0.)1060,1060,1070
 1060 CLGNG(IOFD, J) = -99.9999
       GO TO 1100
 1070 CLGNG(IOFD, J) = LOG10F (CNG(J))
C
 1100 CONTINUE
C
C
  --- RHO ASYMPTOTIC CALCULATION FOR VARIOUS CLAM VALUES
C
       KOFD=(10*IOFD)-9
       FSOFD=FS(KOFD)
C
       CONST=(.5*((FLNU+D(IOFD)**2)/(FLNU-1.))*FSOFD)**.5
C
       DO 1600 J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3
 1600 CRHOAS(J)=CONST*CLAM(J)***5
C
       DO 1650 J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3
 1650 RHORAT(J)=CRHO(J)/CRHOAS(J)
C
C
   --- WRITE MAIN FUNCTIONS ON TAPE 6
 C
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                         6,81,D(IOFD)
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                          6,61
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,22
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,71,(CL(J),CLAM(J),CTH(J),CRHO(J),CLGRHO(10FD,
      XJ),CNG(J),CLGNG(IOFD,J),J=IOFL1,IOFL2,IOFL3)
C
C
  --- WRITE CLGRHO AND CLGNG ON TAPE 2
C
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 2,15,(CLGRHO(IOFD,J),J=IOFL1,IOFL2,IOFL3)
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 2,15, (CLGNG(IOFD, J), J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3)
```

C

```
C --- WRITE CRHO FUNCTIONS ON TAPE 6
C
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,81,D(IOFD)
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,22
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,72,(CL(J),CRHOT(J),CRHO(J),CGPR(J),ITER(J),J=I
      XOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3)
C
  --- WRITE ASYMPTOTIC CALCULATIONS ON TAPE 6
C
C
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,81,D(IOFD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,63
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,22
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,73,(CL(J),CRHO(J),CRHOAS(J),RHORAT(J),J=IOFL1
     X, IOFL2, IOFL3)
C
C
  --- COMPUTE PHI AND PSI FOR D
C
       PHIAS(IOFD)=.5 * LOG10F(.5*((FLNU+D(IOFD)**2)/(FLNU-1.))*FSOFD)
C
       FLSOFD=FLS(KOFD)
       PSIAS(IOFD) = LOG10F(FLSOFD)
       PSIAS(IOFD) = LOG10F(FLSOFD)
C --- INDEX ON D
C
 2000 CONTINUE
C --- WRITE.SS AND NG, PLUS PHIAS AND PSIAS
C
       CALL WRSSNG(NU+CL+CLGRHO+CLGNG+PHIAS+PSIAS)
C --- INDEX ON NU
C
 3000 CONTINUE
C
 9999 CONTINUE
       END FILE 2
       END FILE 8
       REWIND 2
       REWIND 8
       PRINT 6
       PAUSE
       CALL EXIT
       END
```

```
D.2 R and \Gamma for 3 < \nu < \infty
C --- OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE AND NET GAIN
C
      PRINT 5
      PAUSE
C
      DIMENSION CL(121), CLGRHO(41,121), CLGNG(41,121)
      COMMON CL+CLGRHO+CLGNG
      DIMENSION PHIAS(121) +PSIAS(121)
      COMMON PHIAS, PSIAS
C
      DIMENSION FLNUT(19) STVT(19) BETAT(19)
D
D
      DIMENSION T(1001), FS(1001), GS(1001), FLS(1001)
D
      DIMENSION TS(91) FSS(91)
      DIMENSION L(11)
      DIMENSION D( 41), THCTT( 41), THCT( 41), FLAMCT( 41), FLCT( 41)
      DIMENSION ATH(360), BL(121), BLAM(121)
      DIMENSION ALAM(360) + CLAM(121) + CTH(121)
      DIMENSION CRHOT(121), CRHO(121), ITER(121), CGPR(121)
      DIMENSION CRHOAS(121), RHORAT(121)
      DIMENSION CNG(121)
C
 5
      FORMAT(38H1MOUNT OUTPUT TAPES ON LOGICAL 2 AND 8)
      FORMAT(25H1DISMOUNT LOGICAL 2 AND 8)
 6
 10
      FORMAT(3110)
 15
      FORMAT(5E20.8)
      FORMAT(5F20.8)
 16
 21
      FORMAT(1H1)
 22
      FORMAT(1H)
      FORMAT(21HOSTUDENT DENSITY, NU=14)
 51
 52
      FORMAT(24HOSTUDENT RIGHT TAIL, NU=14)
 53
      FORMAT(25HOSTUDENT LINEAR LOSS, NU=14)
 61
      FORMAT(110HO
                           CL
                                              CLAM
                                                                    CTH
                          CLGRHO
                                                   CNG
                                                            CLGNG)
     1
                  CRHO
      FORMAT(70HO
                          CL
                                             CRHO
                                                                CRHOAS
 63
               RHORAT)
     X
      FORMAT(F10.2,3E20.8,F10.4,E20.8,F10.4)
 71
      FORMAT(F10.2,3E20.8,110)
 72
 73
      FORMAT(F10.2,3E20.8)
 81
      FORMAT(3HOD=F6.2)
C
C
  --- SPECIFY FLNUT, STVT, AND BETAT
Ċ
D
      FLNUT(4)=3.
D
      FLNUT(5)=4.
D
      FLNUT(6)=5.
D
      FLNUT(7)=6.
D
      FLNUT(8)=7.
      FLNUT(9)=8.
D
D
      FLNUT(10)=9.
D
      FLNUT(11)=10.
D
      FLNUT(12)=12.
D
      FLNUT(13)=15.
D
      FLNUT(14)=20.
D
      FLNUT(15)=24.
D
      FLNUT(16)=30.
D
      FLNUT(17)=40.
      FLNUT(18)=60.
```

```
FLNUT(19)=120.
C
      STVT(4) = 0.1064199529207075E-02
D
      STVT(5) = 0.2810018113579956E-03
D
      STVT(6) = 0.8547378787148180E-04
D
      STVT(7) = 0.2895991377476813E-04
D
D
      STVT(8) = 0.1069710144538641E-04
D
      STVT(9) = 0.4244090763814246E-05
D
      STVT(10)=0.1789118715962368E-05
      STVT(11)=0.7947765877982060E-06
D
      STVT(12)=0.1790661843836187E-06
D
      STVT(13)=0.2498449071462472E-07
D
      STVT(14)=0.1581890879357194E-08
D
D
      STVT(15)=0.2457762763837653E-09
      STVT(16)=0.2287625704114807E-10
D
D
      STVT(17)=0.9656558502057788E-12
D
      STVT(18)=0.1068842957337041E-13
      STVT(19)=0.8569720587680508E-17
D
C
      BETAT(4) = 0.1570796326794897E+01
D
D
      BETAT(5) = 0.1333333333333333E+01
D
      BETAT(6) = 0.1178097245096172E+01
D
      BETAT(7) = 0.1066666666666667E+01
      BETAT(8) = 0.9817477042468104E+00
D
      BETAT(9) = 0.9142857142857143E+00
D
D
      BETAT(10)=0.8590292412159591E+00
      BETAT(11)=0.8126984126984127E+00
D
      BETAT(12)=0.7388167388167388E+00
D
D
      BETAT(13)=0.6580777580029401E+00
D
      BETAT(14)=0.5675463855030419E+00
D
      BETAT(15)=0.5170194816176779E+00
D
      BETAT(16)=0.4614745534009741E+00
D
      BETAT(17)=0.3988173068948810E+00
      BETAT(18)=0.3249554203948302E+00
D
D
      BETAT(19)=0.2293000137934539E+00
C
  --- GENERATE T AND TS
C
C
      IT=0
D
      T(1)=IT
      DO 110 I=2,1001
      IT = IT + 1
      TT=IT
D
D 110 T(I) = TT/100
C
      IT = 9910
      TS(1) = IT/1000
D
      DO 115 I=2,91
      IT=IT+1
      TT=IT
D
D
  115 TS(I)=TT/1000.
C
C
  --- D LIST
                  0(.1)4
C
      ID = 0
      D(1) = ID
      DO 130 I=2,41
```

```
ID=ID+1
      TD = ID
  130 D(1) = TD/10.
C
                360 VALUES .9999 9999 TO .01
 --- ATH LIST
C
            1) = . 9999 9999
      ATH(
            21=.9999 9998
      ATH(
            31=.9999 9997
      ATH(
            41= 9999 9996
      ATH(
      ATH(
            51=+9999 9995
            61= 9999 9994
      ATH(
      ATH(
            71= 9999 9993
      ATH(
            81=•9999 9992
            91=.9999 9991
      ATH(
      ATH( 10)=.9999 999
      ATH( 11)=.9999 998
      ATH( 12)=+9999 997
      ATH( 13)=+9999 996
      ATH( 14)=.9999 995
      ATH( 15)=.9999 994
      ATH( 16)=.9999 993
      ATH( 17)=.9999 992
      ATH( 18)=+9999 991
      ATH( 19)=.9999 99
      ATH( 20)=•9999 98
      ATH( 21)=*9999 97
      ATH( 22)=.9999 96
      ATH( 23)=.9999 95
      ATH( 24)=+9999 94
      ATH("25)=.9999 93
      ATH( 26)=.9999 92
      ATH( 27)=.9999 91
      ATH( 28)=+9999 9
      ATH( 29)=.9999 8
      ATH( 30)=.9999 7
      ATH( 31)=.9999 6
      ATH( 32)=.9999 5
      ATH( 33)=.9999 4
      ATH( 34)=.9999 3
      ATH( 35)=.9999 2
      ATH( 36)=.9999 1
      ATH( 37)=.9999
      DO 133 J=38,236
 133 ATH(J) = ATH(J-1) - .0001
      ATH(237)=.979
      DO 134 J=238,266
  134 ATH(J)=ATH(J-1)-•001
      ATH(267)=.94
      DO 135 J=268,360
  135 ATH(J)=ATH(J-1)-\bullet01
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15,(ATH(J),J=1,360)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,16, (ATH(J), J=1,360)
C --- BL AND BLAM
                          L=-2.(.1)10
```

```
LT=-20
       BL(1)=-2.
       BLAM(1)=.01
       DO 160 J=2,121
       LT=LT+1
       IF(LT - 0)155,150,155
   150 BL(J)= + 0
       GO TO 160
   155 FLT = LT
       BL(J) = FLT/10.
   160 \text{ BLAM(J)} = 10.** \text{ BL(J)}
   --- READ NUMNU , MAIN INDEX ON NU - IOFNU
 C
       READ INPUT TAPE 5,10, NUMNU
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6:10:NUMNU
. C
       DO 3000 IOFNU = 1.NUMNU
 C
 C --- READ INU. NU. AND MAXIT
       READ INPUT TAPE 5,10, INU, NU, MAXIT
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10, INU, NU, MAXIT
 C
 D
       FLNU=FLNUT(INU)
 D
       STV=STVT(INU)
 D
       BETA=BETAT(INU)
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15,FLNU.STV.BETA
 C
 C --- INITIALIZE CLGRHO AND CLGNG
       DO 200 I=1.41
       DO 190 J=1,121
       CLGRHO(I_{\bullet}J) = 0_{\bullet}
       CLGNG(I,J) =0.
   190 CONTINUE
   200 CONTINUE
C --- COMPUTE FS
       TERM1= 1./(BETA*SQRTF(FLNU))
 D
 D
       EXP = -((FLNU + 1 \cdot )/2 \cdot )
 C
       DO 230 I=1,1001
 D 230 FS (I)=TERM1* ((1.+(T (I)**2)/FLNU)**EXP)
 C
   --- COMPUTE GS
 C
       GS(1001) = STV
 D
 C
       DO 235 I=1,91
 D 235 FSS(I)=TERM1* ((1.+(TS(I)**2)/FLNU)**EXP)
       DO 250 I=2,10
       J= 11-I
       K = 10 * (J-1)
 D
       T1=16067 \cdot *(FSS(K+1)+FSS(K+11)).
```

```
T2=106300 * (FSS(K+2)+FSS(K+10))
D
      T3=48525 \cdot *(FSS(K+3)+FSS(K+9))
D
D
      T4=272400. *(FSS(K+4)+FSS(K+8))
D
      T5=260550. *(FSS(K+5)+FSS(K+7))
D
      T6=427368. *(FSS(K+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.001)/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
      A=AT1*AT2
      L=1002-I
      M=1002-I+1
D 250 GS(L)=GS(M)+A
C
      DO 260 I=11,1001
      J = 1001 - I
      T1=16067+ *(FS (J+1)+FS (J+11))
D
D
      T2=106300 * (FS (J+2)+FS (J+10))
D
      T3=48525. *(FS (J+3)+FS (J+9))
D
      T4=272400 \cdot *(FS \cdot (J+4)+FS \cdot (J+8))
      T5=260550. *(FS (J+5)+FS (J+7))
D
D
      T6=427368 * (FS (J+6))
      AT1=(5.*0.01 )/299376.
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
      A=AT1+AT2
      K=1002-I
      L=1002-I+10
D 260 GS(K)=GS(L)+A
  --- COMPUTE FLS
C
C
D
      BOT = FLNU-1.
      DO 270 J=1,1001
D 270 FLS(I)=((FLNU+T(I)**2*)/BOT)*FS(I) - T(I)* GS(I)
C
C
  --- PRINT STUDENT DISTRIBUTIONS
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,51,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15, (FS (I), I=1,1001,100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,52,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15,(GS (1), I=1,1001,100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,53,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15, (FLS(I), I=1,1001,100)
C
                               INDEX ON D
C
  --- READ INDEX IOFD
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5+10+10FD1+10FD2+10FD3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10,10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
C
      DO 2000 IOFD = IOFD1.IOFD2.IOFD3
C
  --- READ AND PRINT THCT(IOFD), IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3
C
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,15,THCT(10FD)
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10,10FL1,10FL2,10FL3
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,21
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15,THCT(IOFD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10,10FL1,10FL2,10FL3
```

```
C --- COMPUTE ALAM = F(ATH) WHERE ATH = OR GREATER THAN THET(IOFD)
C --- NOTE ATH IS STORED IN DECREASING ORDER
C
      DO 400 J=1,360
      IF(ATH(J)- THCT(IOFD))350,350,370
 350
      JLONG=J-1
      GO TO 425
 370
     DTH = D(IOFD) / ATH(J)
     L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
     L(2) = XLOCF(T(1))
     L(3) = XLOCF(FS(1))
     L(4)=1
      L(5)= 1
     L(6)= 5
     L(7) = 1001
      L(8) = 0
      FSDTH = TABF(DTH+L(1))
      I=L(8)
      GO TO(390,375),I
C
 375 PRINT 380, IOFD, J, DTH
  380 FORMAT(15H1TFS(D/ATH) BAD215,E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
C
  390 TERM1=(FLNU-1.)/(FLNU+ DTH**2)
      TERM2=(2.* ATH(J)) / ((( î.-ATH(J)**2 )**2 )* FSDTH)
      ALAM(J) = TERM1 * TERM2
  400 CONTINUE
      JLONG=360
                          COMPUTE CTH = F(CLAM) , WHERE
C
 --- CLAM = 10**L
                      , BY USING ALAM= F(ATH) TABLE
     DO 750 J=IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
      CL(J) = BL(J)
      CLAM(J) = BLAM(J)
     L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(ALAM(1))
     L(3) = XLOCF(ATH(1))
     L(4)=1
     L(5)=1
      L(6) = 5
      L(7) = JLONG
      L(8)=0
      CTH(J) = TABF(CLAM(J)+L(1))
      GO TO (750,710 ),I
  710 PRINT 720, IOFD, J,CTH(J)
  720 FORMAT(16H1CTH=F(CLAM) BAD215,E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
  750 CONTINUE
  --- COMPUTE CRHOT
```

```
DO 800 J=10FL1,10FL2,10FL3
      CRHOT(J) = CTH(J) ++2 / (1.- CTH(J) ++2 )
 800
      CONTINUE
C
C
 --- COMPUTE CRHO BY NEWTON RAPHSON
C
      DO 900 J=IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
      RHONEW=CRHOT(J)
      AGPRN=0.
C
      DO 880 IT=1,MAXIT
      IF(IT-10)825,825,830
 825
      RHO=RHONEW
      GO TO 850
 830
      RHO**RHONEW
      IF (AGPRO-AGPRN) 835,835,840
835
      GO TO 890
 840
      GO TO 850
C
 850
      AGPRO=AGPRN
      V=D(!OFD)
      FLAM=10.**CL(J)
      THETA=SQRTF(RHO/(1.+RHO))
      CON=1./(SQRTF(FLNU)*BETA)
      EXP=(-.5)*(FLNU+1.)
      DTH=V/THETA
      FSDTH=CON * (1.+DTH**2/FLNU)**EXP
      T1=(.5*FLAM) / (SQRTF(RHO*(RHO+1.)**3))
      T2=(FLNU+DTH**2) / (FLNU-1.)
      GPR=(T1*T2*FSDTH)-1.
      TA=FLAM/ (4.*(FLNU-1.))
      TB=SQRTF(RHO*(RHO+1.))
      TQA=-4.*(FLNU+V**2)*RHO**2
      TQB=(V**2*FLNU-6.*V**2-FLNU) * RHO
      TQC=V**2*(FLNU-2.)
      U1=TA/TB
      U2=(TQA+TQB+TQC)/(TB##2)
      G2PR=(U1*U2*FSDTH)/(TB**2)
      RHONEW=RHO - (GPR/G2PR)
      AGPRN=ABSF (GPR)
 880
      CONTINUE
 890
     CRHO(J)=RHONEW
      ITER(J) = IT
      CGPR(J)=GPR
C
900 CONTINUE
C
C
 --- COMPUTE CLGRHO
C
      DO 950 J=IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
      IF(CRHO(J)-0.)910,910,920
      CLGRHO(IOFD.J) =-99.9999
      GO TO 950
920
      CLGRHO(IOFD,J)=LOG10F(CRHO(J))
 950
      CONTINUE
```

```
- COMPUTE
C
              CNG.
 1000 DO 1100 J= IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
      DTH= D(IOFD)/ CTH(J)
      L(1) = XLOCF( L(1))
      L(2)= XLOCF (T(1))
      L(3) = XLOCF(FLS(1))
      L(4)=1
      L(5) = 1
     L(6)= 5
     L(7) = 1001
      L(8) = 0
      FLSDTH = TABF( DTH+L(1))
      I=L(8)
      GO TO (1050,1020), I
1020 PRINT 1030, IOFD, J. FLSDTH
1030 FORMAT(15H1FLSDTH
                            BAD215,E20.8)
     GO TO 9999
1050 CNG(J) = CLAM(J) * CTH(J) * FLSDTH - CRHO(J)
      IF(CNG(J)-0.)1060,1060,1070
1060 CLGNG(IOFD,J)= -99.9999
     GO TO 1100
1070 CLGNG(IOFD, J) = LOG10F (CNG(J))
C
1100 CONTINUE
C
 --- RHO ASYMPTOTIC CALCULATION FOR VARIOUS CLAM VALUES
     KOFD=(10*10FD)-9
     FSOFD=FS(KOFD)
C
     CONST=(.5*((FLNU+D(IOFD)**2)/(FLNU-1.))*FSOFD)**.5
C
      DO 1600 J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3
1600 CRHOAS(J)=CONST*CLAM(J)**.5
      DO 1650 J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3
1650 RHORAT(J)=CRHO(J)/CRHOAS(J)
C
 --- WRITE MAIN FUNCTIONS ON TAPE 6
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,81,D(10FD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,61
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,22
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,71,(CL(J),CLAM(J),CTH(J),CRHO(J),CLGRHO(IOFD,
     XJ), CNG(J), CLGNG(IOFD, J), J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3)
C
 --- WRITE CLGRHO AND CLGNG ON TAPE 2
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 2,15,(CLGRHO(IOFD,J),J=IOFL1,IOFL2,IOFL3)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 2,15, (CLGNG(IOFD, J), J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3)
C
   -- WRITE CRHO FUNCTIONS ON TAPE 6
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.81.D(IOFD)
```

```
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,22
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,72,(CL(J),CRHOT(J),CRHO(J),CGPR(J),ITER(J),J=I
     XOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3)
C
C --- WRITE ASYMPTOTIC CALCULATIONS ON TAPE 6
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,81.D(IOFD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,63
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,22
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,73,(CL(J),CRHO(J),CRHOAS(J),RHORAT(J),J=IOFL1
     X, IOFL2, IOFL3)
C
C --- COMPUTE PHI AND PSI FOR D
C
      PHIAS(10FD)=.5 * LOG10F(.5*((FLNU+D(10FD)=*2)/(FLNU-1.))=FSOFD)
C
      FLSOFD=FLS(KOFD)
      PSIAS(IOFD)=LOG10F(FLSOFD)
      PSIAS(IOFD) = LOG10F(FLSOFD)
C --- INDEX ON D
 2000 CONTINUE
C --- WRITE SS AND NG. PLUS PHIAS AND PSIAS
C
      CALL WRSSNG(NU.CL, CLGRHO, CLGNG, PHIAS, PSIAS)
C --- INDEX ON NU
C
 3000 CONTINUE
C
 9999 CONTINUE
      END FILE 2
      END FILE 8
      REWIND 2
      REWIND 8
      PRINT 6
      PAUSE
      CALL EXIT
      END
```

```
D.3 R and r for \nu = \infty
C --- OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE AND NET GAIN. NU=INF
. C
      PRINT 5
      PAUSE
C
      DIMENSION CL(121)+CLGRH0(41+121)+CLGNG(41+121)
      COMMON CL+CLGRHO+CLGNG
      DIMENSION PHIAS(121), PSIAS(121)
      COMMON PHIAS, PSIAS
C
      DIMENSION T(1001), FS(1001), GS(1001), FLS(1001)
D
      DIMENSION TS(91) FSS(91)
      DIMENSION L(11)
      DIMENSION D( 41), THCTT( 41), THCT( 41), FLAMCT( 41), FLCT( 41)
      DIMENSION ATH(360) +BL(121) +BLAM(121).
      DIMENSION ALAM(360) + CLAM(121) + CTH(121)
      DIMENSION CRHOT(121) , CRHO(121) , ITER(121) , CGPR(121)
      DIMENSION CNG(121)
      DIMENSION CRHOAS(121) RHORAT(121)
C
      FORMAT(38H1MOUNT OUTPUT TAPES ON LOGICAL 2 AND 8)
 5
 6
      FORMAT(25H1DISMOUNT LOGICAL 2 AND 8)
 10
      FORMAT(3110)
 15
      FORMAT(5E20.8)
 16
      FORMAT(5F20.8)
 21
      FORMAT(1H1)
 22
      FORMAT(1H)
 51
      FORMAT(21HOSTUDENT DENSITY, NU=14)
      FORMAT(24HOSTUDENT RIGHT TAIL, NU=14)
 52
 53
      FORMAT(25HOSTUDENT LINEAR LOSS, NU=14).
 61
      FORMAT(110HO
                          CL.
                                                                    CTH
                         CLGRHO
                  CRHO
                                                           CLGNG)
 63
      FORMAT(70HO
                         CL
                                            CRHO
                                                               CRHOAS
              RHORAT)
 71
      FORMAT(F10.2,3E20.8,F10.4,E20.8,F10.4)
      FORMAT(F10.2.3E20.8.110)
 72
      FORMAT(F10.2.3E20.8)
 73
 81
      FORMAT(3HOD=F6.2)
C
C
    - NU=999
C
      NU=999
C
C
  --- GENERATE T AND TS
C
      IT=0
D
      T(1)=1T
      DO 110 I=2,1001
      IT = IT + 1
      TT=IT
  110 T(I) = TT/100.
C
      IT = 9910
D
      TS(1) = IT/1000
      DO 115 I=2,91
      IT=IT+1
      TT=IT
D
```

```
D 115 TS(I)=TT/1000.
C
C
 --- D L.157
C
      ID = 0
      D(1) = ID
      DO 130 I=2,41
      ID=ID+1
      TD= ID
  130 D(1) = TD/10.
C
 --- ATH LIST
                360 VALUES
                              .9999 9999
             11=.9999 9999
      ATH
             21=.9999 9998
      ATH
             31=+9999 9997
      ATH(
      ATH(
             41=.9999 9996
             51=+9999 9995
      ATH
             61=.9999 9994
      ATH
             71=.9999 9993
      ATH
      ATH(
             81 = . 9999 9992
      ATH
             9)=.9999 9991
      ATH( 10)=.9999 999
      ATH( 11)=.9999 998
      ATH( 12)=.9999 997
      ATH( 13)=.9999 996
      ATH( 14)=.9999 995
      ATH( 15)=+9999 994
      ATH( 16) = . 9999 993
      ATH( 17)=.9999 992
      ATH(-18)=.9999 991
      ATH( 19)=.9999 99
      ATH( 20) = . 9999 98
      ATH( 21)=.9999 97
      ATH( 22)=.9999 96
      ATH( 23)=.9999 95
      ATH( 24)=.9999 94
      ATH( 25) = .9999 93
      ATH( 26)=.9999 92
      ATH( 27)=.9999 91
      ATH( 28)=.9999
      ATH( 29) =. 9999 8
      ATH( 301=.9999 7
      ATH( 31)=.9999 6
      ATH( 33)=.9999 5
      ATH( 33)=.9999
      ATH( 34)=.9999
      ATH( 35)=.9999
      ATH( 36)=.9999
      ATH( 37)=.9999
      DO 133 J=38:236
      1000.-(1-L)HTA=(L)HTA
      ATH(237)=+979
      DO 134 J=238,266
      ATH(J)=ATH(J-1)-.001
      ATH(267) = . 94
      DO 135 J=268,360
```

```
135
      ATH(J) = ATH(J-1) - *01
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15,(ATH(J),J=1,360)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,16, (ATH(J), J=1,360)
C
C
       BL AND BLAM
                           L=-2.(.1)10
C
      LT=-20
      BL(1)=-2.
      BLAM(1)=+01
      DO 160 J=2,121
      LT=LT+1
      IF(LT - 0)155,150,155
  150 BL(J)= + 0
      GO TO 160
  155 FLT ≈ LT
      BL(J)= FLT/10.
  160 BLAM(J) = 10.** BL(J)
C
C
  --- INITIALIZE CLGRHO AND CLGNG
C
      DO
          200
               I=1,41
          190 J=1,121
      DO
      CLGRHO(I *J) = 0.
      CLGNG(1,J) =0.
  190 CONTINUE
  200 CONTINUE
C
C
  --- COMPUTE FS
C
D
      CON=1./SQRTF(2.*3.141592653589793)
C
      DO 230 I=1,1001
D
 230 FS(I)=CON*EXPF((-.5)*T(I)**2)
C
C
  --- COMPUTE GS
C
D
      GS(1001)=.76198 53024 16059 16 E-23
C
      DO 235 I=1,91
D 235 FSS(1)=CON * EXPF((-.5)*TS(1)**2)
C
      DO 250 I=2,10
      J* 11-1
      K = 10 + (J-1)
D
      T1=16067. *(FSS(K+1)+FSS(K+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FSS(K+2)+FS5(K+10))
D
      T3=48525. *(FSS(K+3)+FSS(K+9))
D
      T4=272400. *(FSS(K+4)+FSS(K+8))
D
      T5=260550. *(FSS(K+5)+FSS(K+7))
      T6=427368. *(FSS(K+6))
D
D
      AT1=(5.*0.001)/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
      A*AT1*AT2
      L=1002-I
      M=1002-I+1
D 250 GS(L)=GS(M)+A
```

```
C
      DO 260 I=11,1001
      J= 1001-I
      T1=16067• *(FS (J+1)+FS (J+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(F$ (J+2)+F$ (J+10))
      T3=48525. *(FS (J+3)+FS (J+9))
      T4=272400. *(FS (J+4)+FS (J+8))
      T5=260550. *(FS (J+5)+FS (J+7))
D
D
      T6=427368. *(FS (J+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.01 )/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
      A=AT1#AT2
D
      K=1002-I
      L=1002-1+10
D 260 GS(K)=GS(L)+A
C --- COMPUTE FLS
C
      DO 270 I=1.1001
D 270 FLS(I)=FS(I)-T(I)*GS(I)
C
  --- PRINT DISTRIBUTIONS
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,51,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15, (FS (1), I=1,1001,100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,52,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.15.(GS (I).I=1.1001.100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,53,NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15, (FLS(I), I=1,1001,100)
C
C --- READ MAXIT
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10, MAXIT
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.10. MAXIT
C
C --- READ INDEX IOFD
                             INDEX ON D
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10,10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10,10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
C
      DO 2000 10FD = I0FD1, I0FD2, I0FD3
C
 --- READ AND PRINT THCT(IOFD). IOFL1.10FL2.10FL3
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,15,THCT(IOFD)
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10,10FL1,10FL2,10FL3
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,21
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,15,THCT(IOFD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10,10FL1,10FL2,10FL3
C --- COMPUTE ALAM = F(ATH) WHERE ATH = OR GREATER THAN THCT(IOFD) >
C --- NOTE ATH IS STORED IN DECREASING ORDER
C
      DO 400 J=1,360
      IF(ATH(J)- THCT(10FD))350,350,370
```

C

```
350
      JLONG=J-1
      GO TO 425
C
 370
      DTH=D(IOFD)/ATH(J)
      L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(T(1))
      L(3) = XLOCF(FS(1))
      \dot{L}(4) = 1
      L(5)=1
      L(6) = 5
      L(7) = 1001
      L(8) = 0
      FSDTH=TABF(DTH,L(1))
      I=L(8)
      GO TO(390,375),I
C
  375 PRINT 380, IOFD, J, DTH
  380 FORMAT(15H1TFS(D/ATH) BAD215,E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
C
 390
      TERM1=1.
      TERM2=(2.* ATH(J)) / ((( 1.-ATH(J)**2 )**2 )* FSDTH)
      ALAM(J) = TERM1 * TERM2
  400 CONTINUE
      JLONG=360
C
C
                                  COMPUTE CTH = F(CLAM) , WHERE
C
                       . BY USING ALAM= F(ATH) TABLE
 --- CLAM = 10**L
C
 425
      DO 750 J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3
      CL(J) = BL(J)
      CLAM(J) = BLAM(J)
      L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(ALAM(1))
      L(3) = XLOCF(ATH(1))
      L(4)=1
      L(5)=1
      L(6)=5
      L(7) = JLONG
      L(8)=0
      CTH(J) = TABF(CLAM(J) + L(1))
      GO TO (750,710 ),I
  710 PRINT 720, IOFD, J,CTH(J)
  720 FORMAT(16H1CTH=F(CLAM) BAD2I5,E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
C
  750 CONTINUE
C
C --- COMPUTE CRHOT
C
      DO 800 J=10FL1.10FL2.10FL3.
      CRHOT(J) = CTH(J) **2 / (l - CTH(J) **2 )
 800 CONTINUE
C
C
  --- COMPUTE CRHO BY NEWTON RAPHSON
C
      DO 900 J=IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
```

```
RHONEW=CRHOT(J)
      AGPRN=0.
      DO 880 IT=1, MAXIT
      IF(IT-10)825,825,830
      RHO*RHONEW
 825
      GO TO 850
 830
      RHO≈RHONEW
      IF (AGPRO-AGPRN)835,835,840
835
      GO TO 890
840
      GO TO 850
C
 850
      AGPRO=AGPRN
      V=D(IOFD)
      FLAM=10.**CL(J)
      THETA=SQRTF(RHO/(1.+RHO))
      CON=1./SQRTF(2.*3.141592653589793)
      DTH=V/THETA
      FSDTH=CON+EXPF((-.5)+DTH++2)
      T1=(.5*FLAM) / (SQRTF(RHO*(RHO+1.)**3))
      T2=1.
      GPR=(T1*T2*FSDTH)-1.
      TA=FLAM/4.
      TB1=SQRTF(RHO+(RHO+1.))
      TB2=TB1**5
      TB=1./TB2
      TQ=((-4.)*RHO**2) + (V**2-1.)*RHO + V**2
      G2PR=TA*TB*FSDTH*TQ
      RHONEW=RHO - (GPR/G2PR)
      AGPRN=ABSF (GPR)
C
880 CONTINUE
C
      CRHO(J)=RHONEW
      ITER(J)=IT
      CGPR(J)=GPR
 900 CONTINUE
C
C --- COMPUTE CLGRHO
      DO 950 J=IOFL1.IOFL2.10FL3
      IF(CRHO(J)-0.1910.910.920
      CLGRHO(10FD,J)=-99.9999
      GO TO 950
      CLGRHO(IOFD, J) = LOG10F(CRHO(J))
 920
 950
      CONTINUE
C --- COMPUTE CNG, CLGNG
 1000 DO 1100 J# IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
      DTH=D(10FD)/CTH(J)
      L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(T(1))
      L(3) = XLOCF(FLS(1))
      L(4)= 1
      L(5)=.1
```

```
L(6) = 5
      L(7) = 1001
      L(8)= 0
      FLSDTH=TABF(DTH+L(1))
      I=L(8)
      GO TO (1050,1020),I
 1020 PRINT 1030, IOFD, J, FLSDTH
 1030 FORMAT(15H1FLSDTH
                            BAD215,E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
C
 1050 CNG(J) = CLAM(J) * CTH(J) * FLSDTH -
                                              CRHO(J)
      IF(CNG(J)-0.)1060.1060.1070
 1060 CLGNG(IQFD,J)= -99.9999
      GO TO 1100
 1070 CLGNG(IOFD+J) = LOG10F (CNG(J))
 1100 CONTINUE
C
C --- RHO ASYMPTOTIC CALCULATION FOR VARIOUS CLAM VALUES
      KOFD=(10*IOFD)-9
      FSOFD=FS(KOFD)
      DO 1600 J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3
 1600 CRHOAS(J)=SQRTF(.5*CLAM(J)*FSOFD)
C
      DO 1650 J=IOFL1.IOFL2.IOFL3
 1650 RHORAT(J)=CRHO(J)/CRHOAS(J)
C --- WRITE FUNCTIONS ON TAPE 6
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,81,D(IOFD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,61
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,22
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,71,(CL(J),CLAM(J),CTH(J),CRHO(J),CLGRHO(IOFD,
     XJ) • CNG(J) • CLGNG(IOFD • J) • J = IOFL1 • IOFL2 • IOFL3)
C
C --- WRITE CLGRHO AND CLGNG ON TAPE 2
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 2,15, (CLGRHO(IOFD, J), J=IOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 2,15,(CLGNG (IOFD,J),J=IOFL1,IOFL2,IOFL3)
C
  --- WRITE CRHO FUNCTIONS
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,81,D(IOFD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,22
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,72, (CL(J), CRHOT(J), CRHO(J), CGPR(J), ITER(J), J=I
     XOFL1, IOFL2, IOFL3)
C
  --- WRITE ASYMPTOTIC CALCULATIONS ON TAPE 6
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,81,D(IOFD)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.63
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.22
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,73,(CL(J),CRHO(J),CRHOAS(J),RHORAT(J),J=IOFL1
     X, IOFL2, IOFL3)
C
C --- COMPUTE PHI AND PSI FOR D
```

```
C
      PHIAS(IOFD) = .5*LOG10F(.5*FSOFD)
C
      FLSOFD=FLS(KOFD)
      PSIAS(IOFD) = LOG10F(FLSOFD)
C
C
  --- INDEX ON D
 2000 CONTINUE
C
C
  --- WRITE SS AND NG. PLUS PHIAS AND PSIAS
Č
      CALL WRSSNG(NU,CL,CLGRHO,CLGNG,PHIAS,PSIAS)
c
c
  --- END
C
 9999 CONTINUE
      END FILE 2
      END FILE 8
      REWIND 2
      REWIND 8
      PRINT 6
      PAUSE
      CALL EXIT
      END
```

```
D.4 Subprogram for Printing R and \Gamma.
C --- OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE AND NET GAIN EDIT AND PRINT
C
      SUBROUTINE WRSSNG (NU,CL,CLGRHO,CLGNG,PHIAS,PSIAS)
C
      DIMENSION CL (121), CLGRHO (41, 121), CLGNG (41, 121)
      COMMON CL, CLGRHO, CLGNG
      DIMENSION PHIAS(121), PSIAS(121)
      COMMON PHIAS, PSIAS
C
 16
      FORMAT(3110)
 36
      FORMAT(1H)
 84
      FORMAT(F10.1,2X,11F9.4)
      FORMAT(1H16X,2HSSI3,34X,19HOPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE)
 85
 86
      FORMAT(1H150X,8HNET GAIN48X,2HNGI3)
 87
      FORMAT(1H016X,3H0.06X,3H0.26X,3H0.46X,3H0.66X,3H0.86X,3H1.06X,3H1.
     X26X+3H1+46X+3H1+66X+3H1+86X+3H2+0)
 88
      FORMAT(1H016X,3H2.06X,3H2.26X,3H2.46X,3H2.66X,3H2.86X,3H3.06X,3H3.
     X26X,3H3.46X,3H3.66X,3H3.86X,3H4.0)
 95
      FORMAT(10H
                        PHI2X+11F9-4)
 96
      FORMAT(10H
                        PSI2X+11F9-41
C
  --- WRITE SS AND NG
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,16,LP1,LP2,LP3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,16,LP1,LP2,LP3
C
C
  --- SS FIRST PAGE
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 85, NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                          8, 87
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
C
      DO 2200 I=LP1,LP2,LP3
C
                           8,84,CL(I),(CLGRHO(J,I), J=1,21,2 )
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
C
      IF( I-21)2200, 2150, 2026
 2026 IF( I-26)2200, 2150, 2031
 2031 IF( I-31)2200, 2150, 2036
 2036 IF( I-36)2200, 2150, 2041
 2041 IF( I-41)2200, 2150, 2046
 2046 IF( I-46)2200, 2150, 2051
2051 IF( I-51)2200, 2150, 2056
 2061 IF( I-61)2200, 2150, 2066
 2066 IF( I-66)2200, 2150, 2071
 2071 IF( I-71)2200, 2150, 2076
 2076 IF( I-76)2200, 2150, 2081
 2081 IF( I-81)2200, 2150, 2086
 2086 IF( I-86)2200, 2150, 2091
 2091 IF( I-91)2200, 2150, 2096
 2096 IF( I-96)2200, 2150, 2200
 2150 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
 2200 CONTINUE
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
```

```
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                           8, 36
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,95, (PHIAS(J), J=1,21,2)
C
C --- NG FIRST PAGE
C
                            8, 86, NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 87
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
C
      DO 2400 I=LP1,LP2,LP3
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                          8, 84, CL(1), (CLGNG(J,1), J=1,21,2)
C
      IF( I-21)2400, 2350, 2226
 2226 IF( I-26)2400, 2350, 2231
 2231 IF( I-31)2400, 2350, 2236
 2236 IF( I-36)2400, 2350, 2241
 2241 IF( I-41)2400, 2350, 2246
 2246 IF( I-46)2400, 2350, 2251
 2251 IF( I-51)2400, 2350, 2256
 2256 IF( I-56)2400, 2350, 2261
 2261 IF( I-61)2400, 2350, 2266
 2266 IF( I-66)2400, 2350, 2271
 2271 IF( I-71)2400, 2350, 2276
 2276 IF( I-76)2400, 2350, 2281
 2281 IF( I-81)2400, 2350, 2286
 2286 IF( I-86)2400, 2350, 2291
 2291 IF( I-91)2400, 2350, 2296
 2296 IF( I-96)2400, 2350, 2400
C
2350 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
C
2400 CONTINUE
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                           8, 36
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,96,(PSIAS(J),J=1,21,2)
C
  --- WRITE SS AND NG * SECOND PAGE
      READ INPUT TAPE5,16,LP1,LP2,LP3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,16,LP1,LP2,LP3
Ċ
C --- SS SECOND PAGE
                           8, 85, NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8,88
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
C
      DO 2600 I= LP1, LP2, LP3
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                           8, 84,CL(I),(CLGRHO(J,I), J=21,41,2)
      IF (I- 21)2600, 2550, 2426
 2426 IF (I- 26)2600, 2550, 2431
 2431 IF (I- 31)2600, 2550, 2436
 2436 IF (I- 36)2600, 2550, 2441
```

```
2441 IF (I- 41)2600, 2550, 2446
 2446 IF (I- 46)2600, 2550, 2451
 2451 IF (I- 51)2600, 2550, 2456
 2456 IF (I- 56)2600, 2550, 2461
 2461 IF (I- 61)2600, 2550, 2466
 2466 IF (I- 66)2600, 2550, 2471
 2471 IF (I- 71)2600, 2550, 2476
 2476 IF (I- 76)2600, 2550, 2481
 2481 IF (I- 81)2600, 2550, 2486
 2486 IF (I- 86)2600, 2550, 2491
 2491 IF (I- 91)2600, 2550, 2496
 2496 IF (I- 96)2600, 2550, 2501
 2501 IF(I-101)2600,2550,2506
 2506 IF(I-106)2600,2550,2511
 2511 IF(I-111)2600,2550,2516
 2516 IF(I-116)2600,2550,2600
-C
 2550 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
C
 2600 CONTINUE
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,95, (PHIAS(J), J=21,41,2)
C
C
  --- NG SECOND PAGE
¢
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 86, NU
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8,88
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                             8, 36
C
      DO 2800 I= LP1,LP2,LP3
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 84, CL(I), (CLGNG(J,I), J=21, 41, 2)
C
      IF ( I- 21) 2800, 2750, 2626
 2626 IF ( I- 26) 2800, 2750, 2631
 2631 IF ( I- 31) 2800, 2750, 2636
 2636 IF ( I- 36) 2800, 2750, 2641
 2641 IF ( I- 41)2800, 2750, 2646
 2646 IF ( I- 46) 2800, 2750, 2651
 2651 IF ( I- 51) 2800, 2750, 2656
 2656 IF ( I+ 56) 2800, 2750, 2661
 2661 IF ( I- 61) 2800, 2750, 2666
 2666 IF
        ( I- 66) 2800, 2750, 2671
 2671 IF
         ( I- 71) 2800, 2750, 2676
 2676 IF
        ( I- 76) 2800, 2750, 2681
 2681 IF ( I- 81) 2800, 2750, 2686
 2686 IF ( I- 86) 2800, 2750, 2691
 2691 IF ( I- 91) 2800, 2750, 2696
 2696 IF ( I- 96) 2800, 2750, 2701
 2701 IF(I-101)2800,2750,2706
 2706 IF(I-106)2800,2750,2711
 2711 IF(I-111)2800,2750,2716
 2716 IF(I-116)2800,2750,2800
 2750 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE
                            8, 36
```

```
C
2800 CONTINUE

C

WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8, 36
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 8,96,(PSIAS(J),J=21,41,2)

C
C --- END

RETURN
END
```

```
for v < \infty
  E.1 \Lambda_{c} and R_{c}
 --- CUTOFFS, NU LESS THAN INF
C
      DIMENSION T(1001), FS(1001), GS(1001), FLS(1001)
D
D
      DIMENSION TS(91), FSS(91)
D
      DIMENSION FLNUT(19), STVT(19), BETAT(19)
C
      DIMENSION L(11).
      DIMENSION D(101), THCTT(101), THCT(101), FLAMCT(101), FLCT(101)
      DIMENSION RHOCT(101) +RCT(101)
C
      DIMENSION TH1(1001), D1(1001)
C
 10
      FORMAT(7110)
 25
      FORMAT(5E20.8)
 30
      FORMAT(1H1)
C
C
     SPECIFY CONSTANTS
C
D
      FLNUT(3)=2.
D
      FLNUT(4)=3.
D
      FLNUT(5)=4.
D
      FLNUT(6)=5.
D
      FLNUT(7)=6.
D
      FLNUT(8)=7.
D
      FLNUT(9)=8.
D
      FLNUT(10)=9.
D
      FLNUT(11)=10.
D
      FLNUT(12)=12.
D
      FLNUT(13)=15.
D
      FLNUT(14)=20.
D
      FLNUT(15)=24.
D
      FLNUT(16)=30.
D
      FLNUT(17)=40.
D
      FLNUT(18)=60.
D
      FLNUT(19)≈120.
C
      STVT(3) = 0.4926228511662845E-02
D
      STVT(4) = 0.1064199529207075E-02
D
      STVT(5) = 0.2810018113579956E-03
D
      STVT(6) = 0.8547378787148180E-04
D
D
      STVT(7) = 0.2895991377476813E-04
D
      STVT(8) = 0.1069710144538641E-04
D
      STVT(9) = 0.4244090763814246E-05
      STVT(10)=0.1789118715962368E-05
D
      STVT(11)=0.7947765877982060E-06
D
      STVT(12)=0.1790661843836187E-06
D
      STVT(13)=0.2498449071462472E-07
D
D
      STVT(14)=0.1581890879357194E-08
D
      STVT(15)=0.2457762763837653E-09
D
      STVT(16)=0.2287625704114807E-10
D
      STVT(17)=0.9656558502057788E-12
      STVT(18)=0.1068842957337041E-13
D
      STVT(19)=0.8569720587680508E-17
D
C
      BETAT(3)= 0.200000000000000E+01
D
      BETAT(4) = 0.1570796326794897E+01
D
      BETAT(5) = 0.1333333333333333E+01
D
```

```
BETAT(6) = 0.1178097245096172E+01
D
      BETAT(7)= 0.106666666666667E+01
D
D
      BETAT(8) = 0.9817477042468104E+00
      BETAT(9)= 0.9142857142857143E+00
D
      BETAT(10)=0.8590292412159591E+00
D
      BETAT(11)=0.8126984126984127E+00
D
      BETAT(12)=0.7388167388167388E+00
D
      BETAT(13)=0.6580777580029401E+00
D
      BETAT (14)=0.5675463855030419E+00
D
      BETAT(15)=0.5170194816176779E+00
D
      BETAT(16)=0.4614745534009741E+00
D
      BETAT(17)=0.3988173068948810E+00
D
      BETAT(18)=0.3249554203948302E+00
D
      BETAT(19)=0.2293000137934539E+00
C
C
  --- GENERATE T AND TS
C
      IT=0
D
      T(1)=IT
      DO 110 I=2,1001
      IT = IT + 1
D
      TT=IT
D 110 T(I) = TT/100•
C
      IT = 9910
D
      TS(1) = IT/1000
      DO 115 I=2,91
      IT = IT + 1
      TT=IT
D 115 TS(I)=TT/1000.
C
C
  --- D LIST
                  0(.1)10
      ID = 0
      D(1) = ID
      DO 130 I=2,101
      ID=ID+1
      TD= ID
  130 D(I) = TD/10.
C
C
  --- READ NUMNUS
                      SET UP MAIN INDEX IMAIN
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10, NUMNUS
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10, NUMNUS
C
      DO 4000 IMAIN=1.NUMNUS
C
C
 --- READ INU, NU, IOFD1, IOFD2, IOFD3
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10, INU, NU, IOFD1, IOFD2, IOFD3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,30
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10, INU, NU, IOFD1, IOFD2, IOFD3
C
D
      FLNU=FLNUT(INU)
D
      STV=STVT(INU)
D
      BETA=BETAT(INU)
```

```
C
 --- COMPUTE FS
C
C
      TERM1= 1./(BETA*SQRTF(FLNU))
D
D
      EXP=-((FLNU+1.)/2.)
C
      DO 230 I=1,1001
D 230 FS (I)=TERM1* ((1.+(T (I)**2)/FLNU)**EXP)
 --- COMPUTE GS
C
C
      GS(1001) = STV
D
C
      DO 235 I=1.91
D 235 FSS(I)=TERM1* ((1.+(TS(I)**2)/FLNU)**EXP)
C
      DO 250 I=2,10
      J= 11-I
      K = 10*(J-1)
      T1=16067. *(FSS(K+1)+FSS(K+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FSS(K+2)+FSS(K+10))
D
D
      T3=48525. *(FSS(K+3)+FSS(K+9))
      T4=272400. *(FSS(K+4)+FSS(K+8))
D
      T5=260550. *(FSS(K+5)+FSS(K+7))
D
D
      T6=427368. *(FSS(K+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.001)/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
      A=AT1+AT2
D
      L=1002-I
      M = 1002 - I + 1
D 250 GS(L)=GS(M)+A
C
      DO 260 I=11,1001
      J = 1001 - I
      T1=16067. *(FS (J+1)+FS (J+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FS (J+2)+FS (J+10))
Ď
      T3=48525. *(FS (J+3)+FS (J+9))
D
      T4=272400. *(FS (J+4)+FS (J+8))
D
D
      T5=260550. *(FS (J+5)+FS (J+7))
D
      T6=427368. *(F5 (J+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.01 )/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
      A=AT1*AT2
      K=1002-I
      L=1002-I+10
D 260 GS(K)=GS(L)+A
C
C
  --- COMPUTE FLS
C
D
      BOT = FLNU-1.
      DO 270 I=1,1001
D 270 FLS(I) = ((FLNU+ T(I)**2*)/BOT)*FS(I) - T(I)* GS(I)
C
C
  --- WRITE FS.GS.FLS
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,25, (FS(I), I=1,1001,100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.25. (GS(1). I=1.1001.100)
```

```
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,25,(FLS(1),1=1,1001,100)
C --- ROUTINE FOR COMPUTING THCTT. THCT. FLAMCT. FLCT. RHOCT. AND RCT
C
C --- DECISION FOR NU ROUTINE
C
      IF(NU-2)290,290,300
C
C --- NU = 2
C
 290 DO 295 I=IOFD1,IOFD2,IOFD3
      THCT(I) = 0
      FLAMCT(I) = 2** D(I)
      IF(FLAMCT(I)-0.)293,293,291
 291 FLCT(I) = LOG10F(FLAMCT(I))
      GO TO 295
     FLCT(I) = -.99999999E+09
 293
 295 RCT(1)=-0.99999999E+09
      GO TO 3000
C
C --- COMPUTE THI AND ASSOCIATED DI
C
     ASSIGN 310 TO ISW
 300
      DO 330 I=1,1001
      PHI = T(I) * ((FLNU-1*)/(FLNU + T(I)**2)) * (GS(I)/FS(I))
      IF( PHI- •5) 330,330,305
  305 GO TO ISW, (310,315)
  310 ASSIGN 315 TO ISW
      IFIRST = I
      LENGTH=1002-IFIRST
  315 TH1(\Gamma) = SQRTF (2.*PHI- 1.)
      D1(I) = TH1(I) * T(I)
  330 CONTINUE
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10, IFIRST, LENGTH
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6, 25, ( D1(I), I=1,1001)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6, 25, (TH1(I), I=1,1001)
C
C --- COMPUTE THATT BYINTERPOLATION IN D1= F(TH1)
                                                     TABLE
C
      DO 450 J=IOFD1, IOFD2, IOFD3
      IF(J-1)350,350,360
 350 THCTT(J)=0.
      GO TO 425
 360 DT=D(J)
      DO 390 I=1.1001
      IF(DT-D1(I))370,380,390
 370 TA=DT-D1(1-1)
      TB=D1(I)-D1(I-1)
      THCTT(J)=TH1(I-1) + (TA/TB)*(TH1(I)-TH1(I-1))
      GO TO 425
 380
     THCTT(J)=TH1(I)
      GO TO 425
 390
      CONTINUE
      THCTT(J)=TH1(1001)
      GO TO 425 ·
C
```

```
425 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,25,THCTT(J)
C
 450 CONTINUE
C
C --- USING THCTT COMPUTE THCT BY NEWTON-RAPHSON
c
      DO 1500 J= IOFD1, IOFD2, IOFD3
      IND=0
      TI=D(J)/THCTT(J)
C
1100 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,1110,TI
 1110 FORMAT(E20.8)
      L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(T(1))
      L(3) = XLOCF(GS(1))
      L(4) = 1
      L(5) = 1
      L(6) = 5
      L(7) = 1001
      L(8) = 0
      GOFTI = TABF(TI+L(1))
      I=L(8)
      GO TO (1140,1120),I
C
 1120 PRINT 1125, TI
 1125 FORMAT( 6H1G BADE20.8)
      GO TO 9999
C
 1140 L(1)= XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(T(1))
      L(3) = XLOCF(FS(1))
      L(4)=1
      L(5)=
             1
      L(6)= 5
      L(7)= 1001
      L(8)= 0
      FOFT I = TABF(TI,L(1))
      I= L(8)
      GO TO (1180,1160),I
 1160 PRINT 1165, TI
 1165 FORMAT (6H1F BADE20.8)
      GO TO 9999
 1180 QI = TI*((FLNU-1.)/(FLNU+ TI**2)) * (GOFTI /FOFTI)
      YI = QI - .5*(1. + (D(J)/TI)**2)
      QIPR=((FLNU-1.)/(FLNU+ TI**2)) *((FLNU/(FLNU+TI**2))*(1.+TI**2)*
     X (GOFTI/FOFTI) - TI )
      YIPR= QIPR+ ( D(J)**2 / TI**3)
      TINC= TI - (YI/YIPR)
C
      IF(IND-0)1200,1200,1220
 1200 IND= 1
      TI = TINC
      GO TO 1100
C
 1220 IF( TINC- TI)1300,1300,1250
```

```
1250 TI= TINC
      GO TO 1100
 1300 THCT(J) = D(J)/TI
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,1305
 1305 FORMAT(1H )
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,1310,THCT(J)
 1310 FORMAT(E20.8)
C
 1500 CONTINUE
C
C --- COMPUTE FLAMCT. FLCT USING FS TABLE
C
      DO 2500 J= IOFD1.IOFD2.IOFD
      DTH = D(J) / THCT(J)
      L(1)=XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2)=XLOCF(T(1))
      L(3)=XLOCF(FS(1))
      L(4)=1
      L(5)=1
      L(6)=5
      L(7) = 1001
      L(8) = 0
      FSDTH = TABF(DTH_{2}L(1))
      I = L(8)
      GO TO (2440,2420),I
 2420 PRINT2425, J, DTH
 2425 FORMAT ( 15H1FS(D/THCT) BADI4, E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
 2440 FLAMCA=(FLNU-1.)/(FLNU+DTH**2)
                = (2.*THCT(J))/(((1.-THCT(J)**2)**2)* FSDTH)
      FLAMCB
      FLAMCT(J)=FLAMCA*FLAMCB
      IF(FLAMCT(J)-0.)2450.2450.2445
 2445 \text{ FLCT(J)} = \text{LOG10F (FLAMCT(J))}
      GO TO 2500
 2450 \text{ FLCT(J)} = -.99999999E+09
C
 2500 CONTINUE
C
C --- COMPUTE RHO AND LOGRHO
C
      DO 2950 J=10FD1 . IOFD2 . IOFD3
      RHOCT(J)=THCT(J)=\pm 2 /(1.-THCT(J)=\pm 2 )
      IF(RHOCT(J)-0.)2920,2920,2930
 2920 RCT(J)=-99.9999
      GO TO 2950
 2930 RCT(J)=LOG10F(RHOCT(J))
 2950 CONTINUE
C --- PRINT D. THCTT.THCT.FLCT.RCT
C
 3000 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,3050,NU
 3050 FORMAT(4H1NU=14)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6.3100
```

```
3100 FORMAT(110H0
                                                THCTT
                                FLCT
                                                           RCT)
     X THCT
      DO 3200 J=IOFD1+IOFD2+IOFD3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,3150,D(J),THCTT(J),THCT(J),FLCT(J),RCT(J)
 3150 FORMAT(F10.1,4E25.8)
 3200 CONTINUE
Ç
C --- BLANK OUT D1 AND TH1
C
      DO 3500 J=1,1001
      D1(J)=0.
      TH1(J)=0.
 3500 CONTINUE
c
C --- MAIN INDEX
C
4000 CONTINUE
c
C --- END
C
 9999 CONTINUE
      CALL EXIT
      END
```

```
and R
                  for v = \infty
C --- CUTOFFS, NU=INF
C
D
      DIMENSION T(1001), FS(1001), GS(1001), FLS(1001)
D
      DIMENSION TS(91),FSS(91)
C
      DIMENSION L(11)
      DIMENSION D(101), THCTT(101), THCT(101), FLAMCT(101), FLCT(101)
      DIMENSION RHOCT(101), RCT(101)
C
      DIMENSION TH1(1001), D1(1001)
C
 10
      FORMAT(7110)
 25
      FORMAT (5E20.8)
 30
      FORMAT(1H1)
C
C
  --- NU=999
. C
      NU=999
C --- READ AND PRINT 10FD
C
      READ INPUT TAPE 5,10,10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10,10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
C
  --- GENERATE T AND TS
C
      IT=0
D
      T(1)=IT
      DO 110 I=2,1001
      IT = IT + 1
D
      TT=IT
  110 T(I) = TT/100.
      IT = 9910
D
      TS(1) = IT/1000
      DO 115 I=2,91
      IT=IT+1
      TT=IT
D 115 TS(I)=TT/1000.
C
C
  --- D LIST
                  0(.1)10
C
      ID = 0
      D(1) = ID
      DO 130 I=2,101
      ID=ID+1
      TD= ID
  130 D(I) = TD/10.
C
C --- COMPUTE FS
C
D
      CON=1./SQRTF(2.*3.141592653589793)
C
      DO 230 I=1,1001
D 230 FS(I)=CON*EXPF((-.5)*T(I)**2)
C --- COMPUTE GS
```

```
C
D
      GS(1001) = .76198 53024 16059 16 E-23
C
      DO 235 I=1,91
D 235 FSS(I)=CON*EXPF((-.5)*TS(I)**2)
C
      DO 250 I=2,10
      J = 11-1
      K = 10 + (J - 1)
      T1=16067. *(FSS(K+1)+FSS(K+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FSS(K+2)+FSS(K+10))
D
D
      T3=48525. *(FSS(K+3)+FSS(K+9))
      T4=272400. *(FSS(K+4)+FSS(K+8))
D
      T5=260550. *(FSS(K+5)+FSS(K+7))
D
D
      T6=427368. *(F$5(K+6))
D
      AT1=(5.*0.001)/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
      A=AT1*AT2
      L=1002-I
      M=1002-I+1
D 250 GS(L)=GS(M)+A
C
      DO 260 I=11,1001
      J = 1001 - I
      T1=16067. *(FS (J+1)+FS (J+11))
D
      T2=106300. *(FS (J+2)+FS (J+10))
D
D
      T3=48525. *(FS (J+3)+FS (J+9))
      T4=272400. *(FS (J+4)+FS (J+8))
      T5=260550 * (FS (J+5)+FS (J+7))
D
      T6=427368. *(FS (J+6))
D
      AT1=+5.*0.01 1/299376.
D
      AT2=T1+T2-T3+T4-T5+T6
D
      A=AT1*AT2
      K = 1002 - I
      L=1002-I+10
D 260 GS(K)=GS(L)+A
C
C --- COMPUTE FLS
C
      DO 270 I=1,1001
D 270 FLS(I)=FS(I)-T(I)*GS(I)
C --- WRITE FS,GS,FLS
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,25,(FS(I), I=1,1001,100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,25,(GS(I),I=1,1001,100)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,25,(FLS(I), I=1,1001,100)
C --- ROUTINE FOR COMPUTING THCTT, THCT, FLAMCT, FLCT, RHOCT, AND RCT
C --- COMPUTE THI AND ASSOCIATED DI
C
 300 ASSIGN 310 TO ISW
      DO 330 I=1,1001
      PHI=T(1)*(GS(1)/FS(1))
      IF( PHI- *5) 330,330,305
  305 GO TO ISW, (310,315)
```

```
310 ASSIGN 315 TO ISW
      IFIRST = I
      LENGTH=1002-IFIRST
  315 TH1(I) = SQRTF (2.*PHI- 1.)
      D1(I) = TH1(I) * T(I)
  330 CONTINUE
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,10, IFIRST, LENGTH
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6, 25, ( D1(I), I=1,1001)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6, 25, (TH1(I), I=1,1001)
C --- COMPUTE THCTT BYINTERPOLATION IN DI= F(TH1)
C
      DO 450 J=10FD1,10FD2,10FD3
      IF(J-1)350,350,360
 350
      THCTT(J)=0.
      GO TO 425
 360
      DT=D(J)
      DO 390 I=1.1001
      IF(DT-D1(I))370,380,390
 370
      TA=DT-D1(I-1)
      TB=D1(I)-D1(I-1)
      THCTT(J)=TH1(I-1) + (TA/TB)*(TH1(I)-TH1(I-1))
      GO TO 425
 380
      THCTT(J)=TH1(I)
      GO TO 425
 390
      CONTINUE
      THCTT(J)=TH1(1001)
      GO TO 425
C
 425 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6+25+THCTT(J)
C
 450 CONTINUE
C
C --- USING THCTT COMPUTE THCT BY NEWTON-RAPHSON
C
      DO 1500 J= IOFD1, IOFD2, IOFD3
      IND=0
      TI=D(J)/THCTT(J)
 1100 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,1110,TI
 1110 FORMAT(E20.8)
      L(1) = XLOCF(L(1))
      L(2) = XLOCF(T(1))
      L(3) = XLOCF(GS(1))
      L(4)=1
      L(5)=1
      L(6) = 5
      L(7) = 1001
      L(8)=0
      GOFTI = TABF( TI,L(1))
      I=L(8)
      GO TO (1140,1120), I
 1120 PRINT 1125, TI
 1125 FORMAT( 6H1G BADE20.8)
      GO TO 9999
```

```
1140 L(1)=
              XLOCF(L(1))
       L(2)=
              XLOCF(T(1))
       L(3)=
              XLOCF(FS(1))
       L(4)=
       L(5)=
       L(6) =
       L(7)=
              1001
       L(8) = 0
       FOFTI = TABF(TI.L(1))
       I = L(8)
       GO TO (1180,1160),I
  1160 PRINT 1165. TI
  1165 FORMAT (6H1F BADE20.8)
       GO . TO 9999
. C
  1180 QI=TI*(GOFTI/FOFTI)
       YI = QI - .5*(1. + (D(J)/TI)**2)
       QIPR=(1.+TI**2) * (GOFTI/FOFTI) -TI
       YIPR= QIPR+ ( D(J)**2 / TI**3)
       TINC= TI - (Y1/YIPR)
 C
       IF(IND-0)1200+1200+1220
  1200 IND= 1
       TI = TINC
       GO TO 1100
  1220 IF( TINC- TI)1300,1300,1250
  1250 TI= FINC
       GO TO 1100
  1300 \text{ THCT(J)} = D(J)/TI
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,1305
  1305 FORMAT(1H )
       WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,1310,THCT(J)
  1310 FORMAT(E20.8)
 C
  1500 CONTINUE
 C
                                        TABLE
   --- COMPUTE FLAMCT, FLCT USING FS
 C
       DO 2500 J= IOFD1, IOFD2, IOFD3
       DTH=D(J)/THCT(J)
       L(1)=XLOCF(L(1))
       L(2)=XLOCF(T(1))
       L(3)=XLOCF(FS(1))
       L(4)=1
       L(5)=1
       L(6)=5
       L(7) = 1001
       L(8) = 0
       FSDTH=TABF(DTH.L(1))
       I = L(8)
        GO TO (2440,2420),1
 C
```

```
2420 PRINT2425, J, DTH
 2425 FORMAT ( 15H1FS(D/THCT) BAD14, E20.8)
      GO TO 9999
 2440 FLAMCA=1.
      FLAMCB
                = (2*THCT(J))/(((1*THCT(J)**2)**2)* FSDTH)
      FLAMCT(J)=FLAMCA*FLAMCB
      IF(FLAMCT(J)-0.)2450,2450,2445
 2445 \text{ FLCT(J)} = \text{LOG10F (FLAMCT(J))}.
      GO TO 2500
 2450 \text{ FLCT(J)} = -.999999999E+09}
C
 2500 CONTINUE
C
C --- COMPUTE RHO AND LOGRHO
C
      DO 2950 J=IOFD1, IOFD2, IOFD3
      RHOCT(J)\pmTHCT(J)\pm*2 /(1\bullet-THCT(J)\pm*2 )
      IF(RHOCT(J)-0.)2920,2920,2930
 2920 RCT(J)=-99.9999
      GO TO 2950
 2930 RCT(J)=LOG10F(RHOCT(J))
 2950 CONTINUE
C
C --- PRINT D, THCTT, THCT, FLCT, RCT
C
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,3050,NU
 3050 FORMAT(4H1NU=I4)
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,3100
 3100 FORMAT(110HO
                           D
                                                  THCTT
     X THCT
                                                              RCT)
                                  FLCT
      DO 3200 J=IOFD1,IOFD2,IOFD3
      WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 6,3150,D(J),THCTT(J),THCT(J),FLCT(J),RCT(J)
 3150 FORMAT(F10.1.4E25.8)
 3200 CONTINUE
C
C --- END
C
 9999 CONTINUE
      CALL EXIT
      END
```

F. Subprogram for Aitkens Interpolation (Modification of SHARE Distribution Number 355,408)

```
FAP
      ENTRY TAB
     · ENTRY XTAB
      REM X1 CONTAINS X WITH ADJUSTED SIGN
      REM COMMON-2 IS ERAS
      REM K NOT GREATER THAN 5
      REM COMMON CONTAINS X
      REM COMMON-1 CONTAIN LOC OF LIST
      REM COMMON FOR AUXILIARY
      REM XTABLE FLOATS FROM COMMON-8
      REM TO COMMON-8 WHEN K=5
      REM Y TABLE FLOATS FROM COMMON-9
      REM TO COMMON-14
      REM ON OV OR UNDER FLOW OR DCT
      REM ORIGINAL ARG IN ACC
      REM 1 LIST (8) IF SOLN IS GOOD
      REM 2 LIST (8) IF ERROR
      REM LIST (1)=LOCATION OF LIST (1)
      REM LIST (2)=LOCATION OF X TABLE
      REM LIST (3)=LOCATION OF Y TABLE
      REM LIST (4)=DEL X
      REM LIST (5)=DEL Y
      REM LIST (6)=K
      REM LIST (7)=P
      REM LIST (8)=1-SUCCESSFUL, 2-ERROR
J1
      CLA 0,1
                             A=LOC OF X TABLE
                             CHS IF X(I+1) LESS THAN X(I)
J2
      NOP
                             X1 HAS SIGN ADJUSTED
      CAS X1
                             X LESS THAN X(I)
      TRA J9
                             X=X(I)
      TRA J9
J6
                             X GREATER THAN X(I), D=DELTA X
      TXI J7,1,0
J7
      TXI J8,2,0
                             D=DELTA Y
                             KODD(P-(K+1)/2-1), KEVEN(P-(K/2+1)-1)
J8
      TXL J1,1,0
                             LOC OF K IN ADDRESS
J9
      CLA K2
      LBT
                             K EVEN
      TRA J13
                             K ODD
      TRA J26
                             A=LOC OF XTABLE
J13
      CLA 0,1
                             LOCATION OF X
      FSB COMMON
      SSP
                             ERASABLE
      STO COMMON-2
J17
                             D=DELTA X
      TIX J18+1+0
                             A=LOC OF XTAB
J18
      CLA 0,1
      FSB COMMON
      SSP
      FSB COMMON-2
      TMI J25
                             X CLOSER TO X(I)
J23
      TXL J24,1,0
                             DECREMENT SAME AS J8
                                                        TAB 54.1
                             DECR DELTAX
J23A
      TIX J23B,1,0
                                                        TAB 54.2
                             DECR DELTAY
J23B
      TIX J23+2+0
                                                        TAB 54.3
J24
      TXI J26 + 1 + 0
                             X CLOSER TO X(I+1)D=DELTA X
J25
      TIX J26,2,0
                             D=DELTA Y
J26
      TXI J27+1+0
                             -(K/2)DELTA X,-(K+1)/2 DELTA X
                             -(K/2)DELTA Y,-(K+1)/2 DELTA Y
J27
      TX1 J28,2,0
J28
      LXD K1+4
                             K1=0.0. K+1
J29
      CLA COMMON
                             A=LOC OF, X TABLE
J30
      FSB 0,1
```

```
STO COMMON-2,4
                             D=DELTA X
J31
      TXI J32,1,0
     TIX J29,4,1
J32
      LXD K1,4
J34
      CLA 0,2
                             A=Y TABLE
      STO COMMON-8,4
J36
      TXI J37,2,0.
                             D=DELTA Y
J37
      TIX J34,4,1
      LXD K+1
                             K=0.,0,5
J39
      DCT
                             BEGIN AITKEN INTERPOLATION
J40
      TÔV J41
J41
      PXD 0,1
J42
      PDX 0,2
J43
      TOV J44
J44
      CLA COMMON-2,2
      FSB COMMON-3+1
      STO COMMON-2
                             ERASE, X(I)-X(I+1)
      LDQ COMMON-9,1
      FMP COMMON-2,2
      STO K1
                             ERASE, Y(I) (X-X(I+1))
      LDQ COMMON-3,1
      FMP COMMON-8,2
      CHS
      FAD K1
      TOV J67
                                                       TAB 53.1
      TQO J54
                                                       TAB 53.2
J54
      FDP COMMON-2
                                                       TAB 54
      TQO J67
                                                       TAB 54.1
      STQ COMMON-8,2
      TIX J43,2,1
      TIX J41,1,1
      DCT
      TRA J67
                            DIVIDE CHECK ON
      CLA DONE
                             PREPARE NORMAL EXIT
J61
      STO 0
                             A=LIST (8)
      CLA COMMON-9
      LXD REG1:1
      LXD REG2,2
      LXD REG4,4
      TRA 1,4
J67
      CLA COMMON
                             SET ERROR RETURN
      STO COMMON-9
      CLA DTWO
      TRA J61
J71
      SXD REG1,1
                             ENTRY POINT FOR TABLE
      SXD REG2.2
      SXD REG4,4
      STO COMMON
                             LOCATION OF LIST
      STQ COMMON-1
      CLA COMMON-1
      COM
      ADD DONE
      PDX 094
                             2-COMPLEMENT OF LIST LOCATION
      CLA -1.4
                             ADDRESS OF X TABLE
      ARS 18
      STA J1
      STA J13
```

```
STA J18
     STA J30
     STA J137
     STA J139
     CLA -2+4
     ARS 18
     STA J34
     CLA -5,4
     STO K
     ADD DONE
     STO K1
     SUB DONE
     ARS 18
     STA K2
                            ACC HAS DELTA X
     CLA -3,4
     STD J6
      STD J17
      STD J24
      STD J31
                                                       TAB137.1 -
      STD J23A
                            DELTA Y IN ACC
      CLA -4,4
      STD J7
      STD J25
      STD J36
                                                       TAB141.1
      STD J23B
     LXD K+1
      LDQ DONE+1,1
      MPY -3,4
      ALS 17
                             (AK/2) DELTAX
      STO COMMON-2 .
      COM .
      ADD DONE
      STD J26
      LDQ DONE+1,1
      MPY -4,4
      ALS 17
                             (AK/2)DELTAY, TEMP ERAS
      STO COMMON-8
      COM
      ADD DONE
      STD J27
      CLA K2
      LBT
                             K EVEN
      TRA J124
                             K ODD
      TRA J130
      CLA COMMON-2
J124
      ADD -3,4
      STO COMMON-2
      CLA COMMON-8
      ADD -4,4
      STO COMMON-8
J130 CLA -6,4
      SUB DONE
      LRS 35
      MPY -3,4
      ALS 17
      SUB COMMON-2
      STD J8
```

```
TAB173.1
      STD J23
                              A=XTAB, DETERMINE DIRECTION
J137
      CLA 0
                             OF MONOTONICITY
      LXD J17,1
                              X(1)-X(2)
J139
      FSB 0,1
      TPL J144
      CLA NOP
      STO J2
      CLA COMMON
      TRA J148
J144
      CLA CHS
      5TO J2
      CLA COMMON
      CHS
      STO X1
J148
      CLA 0,4
      SUB SEVEN
      ARS 18
       STA J61
      LXD COMMON-2,1
      LXD COMMON-8,2
                                                         TAB154.1
       CLA -6,4
                                                         TAB154.2
       SUB K1
                                                         TAB154.3
       TNZ J1
                                                         TAB154.4
      PDX 0,1
                                                         TAB154.5
      PDX 0,2
                                                         TAB 155
       TRA J28
      CLA LOCATE
 J156
                              LOCATING SUB ROUTINE
       TRA 1,4
                              0 + 0 + K
      PZE 0,0,0
K
                              0 + 0 + K+1
       PZE 0,0,0
K1
       PZE 0,0,0
                              K+0+0
K2
                              X WITH ADJUSTED SIGN
       PZE
X1
       PZE 0,0,3
       PZE 0,0,2
      PZE 0,0,2
DTWO
       PZE 0,0,1
      PZE 0,0,1
DONE
NOP
       NOP
 CHS
       CHS
 SEVEN PZE 0,0,7
 REG1 PZE
 REG2
      PZE
       PZE
 REG4
LOCATE PZE 0,0,J71
 TAB
       SYN J71
 XTAB
       SYN J156
       COMMON -206
COMMON COMMON 9
```

END

```
G.1 Optimal Sample Size - First Search Procedure
C --- OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE - FIRST SEARCH PROCEDURE
C
5
      FORMAT(I10)
      FORMAT(F5.1,E30.20,2F5.2,I5)
10
20
      FORMAT(E40.20)
 30
      FORMAT(1H)
C
      READ 5.NUMB
C
      DO 800 IMAIN=1.NUMB
C
 100
     READ 10, FLNU, BETA, D, FL, MAXIT
C
      A=-4.*(FLNU+D**2)
      B=-((6.-FLNU)*D**2+FLNU)
      C=D**2*(FLNU-2.)
      RHOLD=(-B-SQRTF(B**2-(4.*A*C)))/(2.*A)
      FLAM=10.**FL
      CON=(FLNU**(.5*FLNU))/BETA
      EXP=-.5*(FLNU+1.)
      FSD=CON*(FLNU+D**2)**EXP
      RHOHI=SQRTF(.5*FLAM*FSD)
      PRINT 20,A,B,C,RHOLO,FLAM,CON,EXP,FSD,RHOHI
C
      DO 500 IT=1, MAXIT
      IF(IT-2)110,120,130
110
      RHO=RHOLO
      GO TO 150
 120
      RHO=RHOHI
      GO TO 150
 130
      RHO=RHOT
      GO TO 150
 150
     THETA=SQRTF(RHO/(RHO+1.))
      FSDTH=CON*(FLNU+(D/THETA)**2)**EXP
      T1=(FLNU+(D/THETA)**2)*FSDTH/(FLNU-1.)
      T2=1./SQRTF(RHO*(RHO+1.)**3)
      GPR=(.5*FLAM*T1*T2)-1.
      PRINT 20, THETA, FSDTH , T1, T2, GPR
C
      IF(IT-2)210,220,300
210 RHOL=RHOLO
      GPRL=GPR
      GO TO 500
 220 RHOH=RHOHI
      GPRH=GPR
      GO TO 400
 300 IF(GPR-0.)310,320,330
 310 RHOH=RHOT
      GPRH=GPR
      GO TO 400
     RHOOP=RHOT
      PRINT 20+RHOOP+GPR
      GO TO 800
```

330 RHOL=RHOT GPRL=GPR

```
GO TO 400
C
 400 TOP=(GPRL*RHOH)-(GPRH*RHOL)
       BOT=GPRL-GPRH
       RHOT=TOP/BOT
PRINT 20,TOP,BOT,RHOT
C
       RL= 43429448190325182765*LOGF(RHOL)
       RH=.43429448190325182765*LOGF(RHOH)
       RT=.43429448190325182765*LOGF(RHOT)
C
      PRINT 20,RHOL,GPRL,RHOH,GPRH,RHOT
PRINT 20,RL,RH,RT
PRINT 30
C
 500
       CONTINUE
C
 800
       CONTINUE
C
       END
```

```
G.2 Optimal Sample Size - Second Search Procedure
C --- OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE - SECOND SEARCH PROCEDURE
C
 5
      FORMAT(110)
      FORMAT(F5.1,E30.20,2F5.2,15)
10
 20
      FORMAT (3E40.20)
 30
      FORMAT(1H)
c
      READ 5. NUMB
C
      DO 1000 IMAIN=1.NUMB
C
      READ 10, FLNU, BETA, D, FL, MAXIT
      PRINT10.FLNU.BETA.D.FL.MAXIT
C
      A=-4.*(FLNU+D**2)
      B=-((6.-FLNU)*D**2+FLNU)
      C=D**2*(FLNU-2.)
      RHOLO=(-B-SQRTF(B**2-(4.*A*C)))/(2.*A)
      FLAM=10.**FL
      CON=(FLNU**(.5*FLNU))/BETA
      EXP=-.5*(FLNU+1.)
      FSD=CON*(FLNU+D**2)**EXP
      RHOHI=SQRTF(.5*FLAM*(FLNU+D**2)*FSD/(FLNU-1.))
      PRINT 20,A,B,C,RHOLO,FLAM,CON,EXP,FSD,RHOHI
C
      I310=0
      1330 = 0
      DO 500 IT=1, MAXIT
      IF(IT-2)110,120,130
      RHO=RHOLO
 110
      GO TO 150
 120
      RHO=RHOH I
      GO TO 150
 130
      RHO=RHOT
      GO TO 150
c
 150
      THETA=SQRTF(RHO/(RHO+1.))
      FSDTH=CON*(FLNU+(D/THETA)**2)**EXP
      T1=(FLNU+(D/THETA) **2) *FSDTH/(FLNU-1.)
      T2=1*/SQRTF(RHO*(RHO+1*)**3)
      GPR=(.5*FLAM*T1*T2)-1.
      PRINT 20,GPR
C
      IF(IT-2)210,220,300
 210
      RHOL=RHOLO
      IF(GPR-0.)212,212,214
 212
      RHOT=0.
      GO TO 900
      GPRL=GPR
 214
      GPLB4=GPR
      GO TO 500
 220
      RHOH=RHOH I
      GPRH=GPR
      GPHB4=GPR
      GO TO 400
C
 300 IF(GPR-0.)310.400.330
```

```
310 RHOH=RHOT
      GPRH*GPR
      IF(GPRH-GPHB4)900,900,315
 315 GPHB4=GPRH
      I310=I310+1
      1330=0
      IF(I310-3)400,450,450
 330
     RHOL=RHOT
      GPRL=GPR
      IF(GPLB4-GPRL)900,900,335
 335
      GPLB4=GPRL
      1330 = 1330 + 1
      I310=0
      IF(I330-3)400,450,450
C
 400
      RHOT=((GPRL*RHOH)-(GPRH*RHOL))/(GPRL-GPRH)
      PRINT 20. RHOL. RHOH. RHOT
      PRINT 30
      GO TO 900
C
      RHOT=.5*(RHOH+RHOL)
      PRINT 20. RHOL. RHOH, RHOT
      PRINT 30
      I310=0
      1330 = 0
      GO TO 500
C
 500 CONTINUE
C
 900
      RT=+43429448190325182765*LOGF(RHOT)
      PRINT 20.GPR
      PRINT 20 + RHOL + RHOH
      PRINT 20. RHOT.RT
      PRINT 5+IT
 1000 CONTINUE
      END
```

```
G.3 Optimal Sample Size - Newton-Raphson Procedure
C --- OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE - NEWTON-RAPHSON PROCEDURE
C
10
      FORMAT(2E30.20)
      FORMAT(1H )
15
      READ 10.FLNU.BETA
      PRINT10, FLNU, BETA
      READ 10.D.FL
      PRINT10.D.FL
      READ 10,RCT
      PRINT10.RCT
      RHONEW=10.**RCT
      PRINT 10 RHONEW
C
      DO 500 IMAIN=1,15
      RHO=RHONEW
C
      FLAM=10.**FL
      THETA=SQRTF(RHO/(1.+RHO))
      CON=1./(SQRTF(FLNU)*BETA)
      EXP=(-.5)*(FLNU+1.)
      DTH=D/THETA
      FSDTH=CON * (1.+DTH**2/FLNU)**EXP
      TA=(.5*FLAM) / (SQRTF(RHO*(RHO+1.)**3))
      TB=(FLNU+DTH**2) / (FLNU-1.)
      GPR=(TA*TB*FSDTH)-1.
      TA=FLAM/ (4.*(FLNU-1.))
      TB=1./SQRTF((RHO*(RHO+1.))**5.)
      TQA=-4.*(FLNU+D**2)*RHO**2
      TQB=(D**2*FLNU-6.*D**2~FLNU) * RHO
      TQC=D**2*(FLNU-2.)
      G2PR=TA*TB*FSDTH* (TQA+TQB+TQC)
      PRINT 10, FLAM, THETA, CON, EXP, DTH, FSDTH, TA, TB, TQA, TQB, TQC, G2PR
C
      RHONEW=RHO - (GPR/G2PR)
      RCTNEW=.43429 44819 03251 82765 * LOGF(RHONEW)
C
      PRINT 10,GPR,G2PR
      PRINT 10. RHONEW. RCTNEW
      PRINT 15
 500
     CONTINUE
      END
```

```
Program G.4, page 1
```

```
G.4 Net Gain for Given Optimal Sample Size, Real \nu < \infty,
C --- NET GAIN FOR GIVEN OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE, REAL NU, CONVERGES AS
C --- POWER SERIES IN NU/(NU+T##2)
C
 10
      FORMAT(110)
 17
      FORMAT(2E30.20,F10.4)
 18
      FORMAT(2E30.20.15)
19
     FORMAT(1H )
C
      READ 17, TNU, TBETA
      PRINT17, TNU, TBETA
      READ 17,TD,TL
      PRINT17,TD,TL
      PRINT 19
      READ 17,TRHO
 1
      PRINT 17,TRHO
C
C --- TFLAM, TTHET, T
C
      TFLAM=10.**TL
      TTHET=SQRTF(TRHO/(TRHO+1.))
      T=TD/TTHET
C
  --- DENSITY FS
C
C
      Z=(1./SQRTF(TNU))*(1./TBETA)
      EXP=(-.5)*(TNU+1.)
      FS=Z*(1.+T**2/TNU) **EXP
      PRINT 17.FS
C
  --- RIGHT TAIL GS
C
C
      EPS=•1E-10 * 10•**(-T)
C
      FRAC=T**2/TNU
      CON= SQRTF(FRAC) / TBETA
      DELTA= EPS/CON
      SUM=1
      TERM=1
C
      DO 240 J=2,1000
      FJ=J
      TINCR= -((2.*FJ-3.)/(2.*FJ-1.)) * (1./(FJ-1.))
             *(.5*(TNU+2.*FJ-3.))
      TERM= TERM*TINCR*FRAC
      SUM=TERM+SUM
      ERFAC=ABSF(TERM)
      IF(ERFAC -DELTA) 245,240,240
  240 CONTINUE
      GO TO 999
 245 GS=+5-CON*SUM
C
      PRINT 18,GS,EPS,J
C
C
  --- LINEAR LOSS FLS
C
      FLS=((TNU+T**2)/(TNU-1*))*FS - T*GS
```

```
PRINT 17, FLS
PRINT 19

C
C --- NET GAIN
C
FNG=(TFLAM*TTHET*FLS)-TRHO
PRINT 17, FNG
FG=.43429 44819 03251 82765 * LOGF(FNG)
PRINT 17, FG
PRINT 19
C
999 CONTINUE
GO TO 1
END
```

```
G.5 Net Gain for Given Optimal Sample Size, Real \nu < \infty
C --- NET GAIN FOR GIVEN OPTIMAL SAMPLE SIZE, REAL NU. CONVERGES FOR
C --- T**2 LESS THAN NU
 10
      FORMAT(I10)
 17
      FORMAT(2E30.20.F10.3)
 18
      FORMAT(2E30.20.15)
     FORMAT(1H )
 19
      READ 17. TNU. TBETA
      PRINT17, TNU, TBETA
      READ 17.TD.TL
      PRINT17, TD, TL
      PRINT 19
 1
      READ 17, TRHO
      PRINT17.TRHO
C --- TFLAM, TTHET, T
      TFLAM=10.**TL
      TTHET=SQRTF(TRHO/(TRHO+1.))
      T*TD/TTHET
C --- DENSITY FS
      Z=(1./SQRTF(TNU))*(1./TBETA)
      EXP = (-.5) * (TNU+1.)
      FS=Z*(1.+T**2/TNU)**EXP
      PRINT 17,FS
C
  --- RIGHT TAIL GS
C
      EPS=+1E-10 * 10+*(-T)
C
      FRAC= TNU/(TNU+T**2)
      CON = (FRAC**(.5*TNU))/TBETA
      DELTA = (T**2/TNU) * (EPS/CON)
      ERFAC=1.
      SUM= 1./TNU
      TERM= 1./TNU
C
      DO 340 J=2,1000
      FJ=J
      TINCR= •5*((TNU+2•*FJ-4•)/(TNU+2•*FJ-2•))
                *((2**FJ-3*)/(FJ-1*))
      TERM= TERM*TINCR*FRAC
      SUM# SUM+TERM
      ERFAC= ERFAC*FRAC
      IF(ERFAC-DELTA) 345,340,340
  340 CONTINUE
      GO TO 999
C
 345 GS=CON*SUM
C
      PRINT 18.GS.EPS.J
C --- LINEAR LOSS FLS
C
```

```
FLS=((TNU+T##2)/(TNU-1.))*FS - T*GS
PRINT 17.FLS
PRINT 19

C
C --- NET GAIN
C
FNG=(TFLAM*TTHET*FLS)-TRHO
FG=.43429 44819 03251 82765 * LOGF(FNG)
PRINT 17.FNG.FG
PRINT 19

C
999 CONTINUE
GO TO 1
END
```

References

- [1] J. Bracken and A. Schleifer, Jr., <u>Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown</u>

 <u>Variance: The Student Distribution and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans</u>,

 <u>Boston: Division of Research</u>, <u>Graduate School of Business Administration</u>,

 Harvard University, 1964.
- [2] H. Raiffa and R. Schlaifer, <u>Applied Statistical Decision Theory</u>, Boston: Division of Research, Graduate School of Business Administration, Harvard University, 1961.
- [3] A. Schleifer, Jr., Studies in the Economics of Optimal Sample Size, unpublished D.B.A. thesis, Harvard University, 1961.
- [4] N. V. Smirnov, <u>Tables for the Distribution and Density Functions of Student's "t"-Distribution</u>, London: Pergamon Press, 1961.

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Logistics Research Project

Distribution List for Technical Papers

Copi		_			
7	The George Washington University l Dean for Sponsored Research l Department of Geography l Management Research Group	Cop 1	ies Army War College Library Carlisle Barracks Army Cmd and Gen Staff Coll	Cop 2	ies Research Analysis Corp l Dr. Hugh Cole l Library
	2 Library 1 Prof. H. Bright, Dept of Stat 1 Prof. John Kaye, Sch of Engng	1	HΩ, US Army Trans Mat Cmd TCMAC-ASDT	2	Stanford Research Inst l Mr. R. A. Harker l Dr. William G. Madow
4	ONR 3 Head, Log and Math Stat Branch 1 Contract Administrator, SEA	1	Army Logistics Manag Ctr Fort Lee	1	Vitro Labs
7	OPNAV l Op-40 l Op-345El	1	Signal Corps Log Eval Grp Philadelphia	2	Brown University 1 Prof. David Gale 1 Prof. Murray Rosenblatt
	l Op-03EG Mr. B. J. Connolly l Op-345E2 LCDR K. F. Cook, USN l DCNO, Logistics l Navy Dept Library	2	HQ, USAF 1 AFADS-3 1 Col H. F. Sachaklian Maxwell AFB Library	3	Carnegie Inst of Technology 1 Prof. G. L. Bach 1 Prof. W. W. Cooper 1 Prof. H. A. Simon
1	1 Oper Eval Group BUDOCKS Tech Library	2	Wright-Patterson AFB 1 HQ, AF Log Command 1 Research Sch Log	2	Columbia University 1 Prof. S. B. Littauer 1 Prof. Rosedith Sitgreaves
1	BUMED Library	1	Tinker AFB Library	3	Cornell University
1	BUPERS Tech Library	20	Defense Documentation Ctr		1 Prof. R. W. Conway 1 Prof. Andrew Schultz, Jr. 1 Prof. Jacob Wolfowitz
2	BUSANDA 1 Library 1 OW	1	FAA, Atlantic City Mr. Simon Justman	2	New York University 1 Prof. Warren M. Hirsch
1	FMSO	1	Inst for Defense Analyses		l Dr. Max Woodbury
2	BUSHIPS 1 Tech Library 1 Mr. A. E. Smith	2	NBS 1 Dr. E. W. Cannon 1 Dr. Joan Rosenblatt	2	Northwestern University 1 Prof. A. Charnes 1 Prof. A. H. Rubenstein
1	BUWEPS Library	1	National Science Foundation	2	Princeton University 1 Prof. Oskar Morgenstern
1	NAVCOSSACT	1	National Security Agency		1 Prof. A. W. Tucker
6	Naval Research Lab Tech Info Officer	1	OASD Dr. Nathan Brodsky	2	Stanford University 1 Prof. Samuel Karlin 1 Prof. Herbert Solomon
7	Naval Research Branch Office 1 Boston 1 Chicago	1	WSEG Armour Research Foundation	3	University of Calif, Berkeley 1 Prof. George B. Dantzig
	2 London 1 New York 1 Pasadena	3	British Navy Staff	,	1 Prof. R. Radner 1 Prof. L. M. Tichvinsky
1	l San Francisco	1	CEIR, Arlington, Va Dr. Jack Moshman	6	University of Calif, Los Angeles 1 Dean L. M. K. Boelter 1 Prof. J. R. Jackson
2	David Taylor Model Basin Naval War College Library	1 2	Convair, Pomona Cowles Foundation for Res		1 Prof. Jacob Marschak1 Prof. R. R. O'Neill1 Prof. C. B. Tompkins
	Newport		l Library l Prof. Herbert Scarf		l Numerical Analysis Res Librarian
1	NMO, Manag Sciences Group	1	Decision Studies Group	3	
1	ONM, Code M73		Mr. Warren R. Kettler	,	University of Michigan 1 Prof. Paul S. Dwyer 1 Prof. R. M. Thrall
1	USN Ammo Depot Earle USN Postgrad Sch Lib	1	Hughes Aircraft Co Mr. Alan J. Rowe	1	1 Inst Science and Tech Prof. Russell Ackoff
	Monterey	1	IBM, Bethesda Mr. K. W. Webb	*	University of Pennsylvania
1	USN Purchasing Office Brooklyn	1	IBM, Rockville Dr. Harlan D. Mills	1	Prof. B.H. Bissinger Lebanon Valley College
1	HQ, USMC	•		1	Prof. L. W. Cohen
1	Commandant, USMC	2	IBM, Yorktown Heights 1 Dr. R. E. Gomory 1 Dr. Alan J. Hoffman	1	University of Maryland Prof. Burton V. Dean
2	Marine Corps Sch, Quantico l Landing Force Dev Ctr Logistics Officer	1	Planning Research Corp Los Angeles	1	Case Inst of Tech RADM H. E. Eccles, USN (Ret.)
1	Indust College Armed Forces	2	Rand Corp, Santa Monica		Newport
1	Armed Forces Staff College		1 Dr. Murray Geisler 1 Library	i	Dr. Merrill M. Flood Mental Health Res Inst

- Copies
 1 Prof. J. F. Hannan
 Michigan State University
- Dr. Rudolf Husser Univ of Bern, Switzerland
- Prof. John R. Isbell Tulane University 1
- CDR Bernard M. Kassell, USN (Ret.) Arlington, Va 1
- Prof. C. E. Lemke Rensselaer Polytech Inst 1
- CAPT W. F. Millson, USN (Ret.) San Diego 1
- Prof. Bernard Okun Queens College
- Dr. Fred D. Rigby Texas Tech College
- Mr. David Rosenblatt Arlington, Va
- Dr. M. E. Salveson Los Angeles 1
- Prof. Arthur Schleifer, Jr. Dartmouth College 1
- Prof. Seymour Sherman Wayne State University
- Dr. S. Vajda Admiralty Research Lab
- Prof. T. M. Whitin Wesleyan University
- Mr. Marshall K. Wood National Planning Assoc

NTROL DATA - R&D ing association must be entered when the overall sepert is classified)
Washington U. 24. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION
None 26. GROUP
stribution and Related Bayesian Functions
74. TOTAL NO. OF PAGES 75. NO. OF REFS
82 4
94. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)
T-181
35. OTHER REPORT NO(5) (Any other numbers that may be seeigned this report)
s of this report from DDC.
12. SPONSORING MILITARY ACTIVITY
Office of Naval Research
used in computing the tables presented in
used in computing the tables presented in Jr., <u>Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown</u>
used in computing the tables presented in Jr., <u>Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown</u> and Economically Optimal Sampling Plane, Di-
used in computing the tables presented in Jr., <u>Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown</u> and Economically Optimal Sampling Plane, Di-
used in computing the tables presented in Jr., Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans, Dief Business Administration, Harvard University two kinds: tables of the ordinary Student and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis a problems in which sampling may or may not
used in computing the tables presented in Jr., Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans, Dief Business Administration, Harvard University two kinds: tables of the ordinary Student and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis a problems in which sampling may or may not his report could be used to compute tables
used in computing the tables presented in Jr., Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans, Dief Business Administration, Harvard University two kinds: tables of the ordinary Student and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis a problems in which sampling may or may not his report could be used to compute tables of the book either by reading in alternative ion where the parameters of the book are in-
used in computing the tables presented in Ir., Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans, Diff Business Administration, Harvard University two kinds: tables of the ordinary Student and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis a problems in which sampling may or may not his report could be used to compute tables of the book either by reading in alternative ion where the parameters of the book are inare written in FORTRAN II, and in computing
used in computing the tables presented in Ir., Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans, Diff Business Administration, Harvard University two kinds: tables of the ordinary Student and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis a problems in which sampling may or may not his report could be used to compute tables of the book either by reading in alternative ion where the parameters of the book are inare written in FORTRAN II, and in computing on the IBM 7090 and IBM 1401. It should be
used in computing the tables presented in Ir., Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans, Diff Business Administration, Harvard University two kinds: tables of the ordinary Student and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis a problems in which sampling may or may not his report could be used to compute tables of the book either by reading in alternative ion where the parameters of the book are inare written in FORTRAN II, and in computing on the IBM 7090 and IBM 1401. It should be teen to perform some of the computations
used in computing the tables presented in Ir., Tables for Normal Sampling with Unknown and Economically Optimal Sampling Plans, Diff Business Administration, Harvard University two kinds: tables of the ordinary Student and tables to facilitate Bayesian analysis a problems in which sampling may or may not his report could be used to compute tables of the book either by reading in alternative ion where the parameters of the book are inare written in FORTRAN II, and in computing on the IBM 7090 and IBM 1401. It should be

DD 1508% 1473

NONE Security Classification

Caracter (31 and 61 and

	Į LIN	LINK A		LINK 8		LINKC	
KEY WORDS	ROLE	₩T	ROLE	WT	ROLE	WT	
Computer programs Student distributions Statistical decision theory Bayesian optimal sampling functions							

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. ORIGINATING ACTIVITY: Enter the name and address of the contractor, subcontractor, grantee, Department of Defense activity or other organization (corporate author) issuing the report.
- 2a. REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION: Enter the overall security classification of the report. Indicate whether "Restricted Data" is included. Marking is to be in accordance with appropriate security regulations.
- 2b. GROUP: Automatic downgrading is specified in DoD Directive 5200.10 and Armed Forces Industrial Manual. Enter the group number. Also, when applicable, show that optional markings have been used for Group 3 and Group 4 as authorized.
- 3. REPORT TITLE: Enter the complete report title in all capital letters. Titles in all cases should be unclassified. If a meaningful title cannot be selected without classification, show title classification in all capitals in parenthesis immediately following the title.
- 4. DESCRIPTIVE NOTES: If appropriate, enter the type of report, e.g., interim, progress, summary, annual, or final. Give the inclusive dates when a specific reporting period is covered.
- 5. AUTHOR(S): Enter the name(s) of author(s) as shown on or in the report. Enter last name, first name, middle initial. If military, show rank and branch of service. The name of the principal author is an absolute minimum requirement.
- REPORT DATE: Enter the date of the report as day, month, year, or month, year. If more than one date appears on the report, use date of publication.
- 7s. TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES: The total page count should follow normal pagination procedures, i.e., enter the number of pages containing information.
- 7b. NUMBER OF REFERENCES: Enter the total number of references cited in the report.
- 8a. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER: If appropriate, enter the applicable number of the contract or grant under which the report was written.
- 8b, 8c, & 8d. PROJECT NUMBER: Enter the appropriate military department identification, such as project number, subproject number, system numbers, task number, etc.
- 9s. ORIGINATOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S): Enter the official report number by which the document will be identified and controlled by the originating activity. This number must be unique to this report.
- 9b. OTHER REPORT NUMBER(S): If the report has been assigned any other report numbers (either by the originator or by the sponsor), also enter this number(s).
- 10. AVAILABILITY/LIMITATION NOTICES: Enter any limitations on further dissemination of the report, other than those

imposed by security classification, using standard statement such as:

- (1) "Qualified requesters may obtain copies of this report from DDC."
- (2) "Foreign announcement and dissemination of thea report by DDC is not authorized."
- (3) "U. S. Government agencies may obtain center of this report directly from DDC. Other qualified BBC users shall request through
- (4) "U. S. military agencies may obtain copies of this report directly from DDC. Other qualified users shall request through
- (5) "All distribution of this report is controlled. Qualified DDC users shall request through

If the report has been furnished to the Office of Technical Services, Department of Commerce, for sale to the public, indicate this fact and enter the price, if known.

- 11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES: Use for additional explanatory notes.
- 12. SPONSORING MILITARY ACTIVITY: Enter the same of the departmental project office or laboratory sponsoring (pering for) the research and development. Include address.
- 13. ABSTRACT: Enter an abstract giving a brief and factual summary of the document indicative of the report, even though it may also appear elsewhere in the body of the technical report. If additional space is required, a continuation sheet shall be attached.

It is highly desirable that the abstract of classified reports be unclassified. Each paragraph of the abstract shall end with an indication of the military security classification of the information in the paragraph, represented as (TS), (S), (C), or (U).

There is no limitation on the length of the abstract. However, the suggested length is from 150 to 225 words.

14. KEY WORDS: Key words are technically meaningful terms or short phrases that characterize a report and may be used as index entries for cataloging the report. Key words must be selected so that no security classification is required. Identifiers, such as equipment model designation, treds same, military project code name, geographic location, may be used as key words but will be followed by an indication of technical context. The assignment of links, rules, and weights is optional.

DD 15084, 1473 (BACK)

NONE